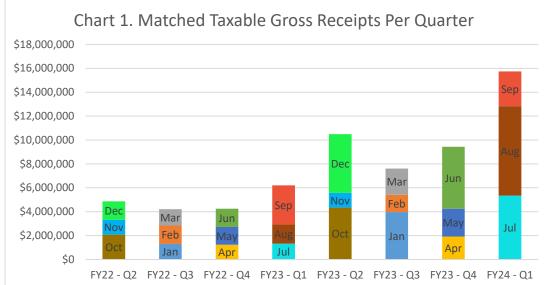
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Prepared by: Joel Salas, Economist



In the first quarter of FY24, 28 of 33 counties saw year-over-year economic growth, with 9.1% growth statewide in matched taxable gross receipts (MTGR). State gross receipts increased from the fourth quarter of FY23, bringing it to the highest ever quarterly total in MTGR for the state.

Over the last eight quarters matched taxable gross (MTGR) receipts have averaged \$7.8M, which is \$7.9M less than the amount reported during Q1 FY24 (\$15.7M). From Q4 FY23 to Q1 FY24 MTGR increased by nearly 70% or just over \$6.3M. With this increase MTGR in Harding County has an upward trend. As in Chart 2, the construction and utilities industries accounted for 78% of Harding County's total MTGR.

Matched Taxable Gross
Receipts (MTGR) are the
best tax data available to
show underlying economic
activity. The data
collection process matches
a tax payment with
reported receipts for each
taxpayer by industry.

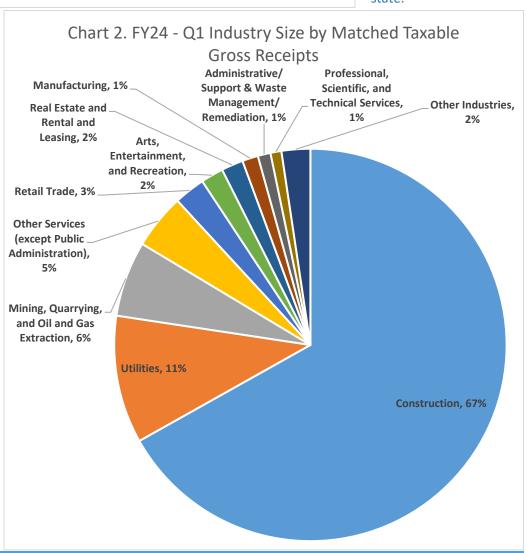
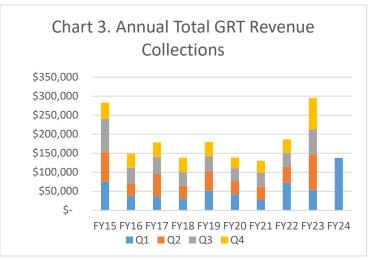


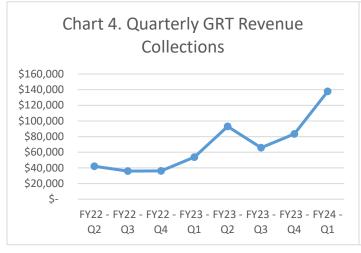


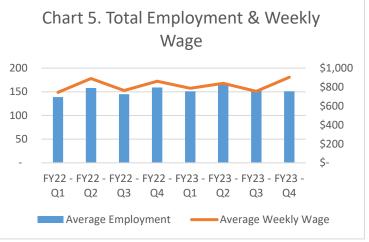
Table 1. Matched Taxable Gross Receipts by Industry												
Industries		FY23 - Q1 FY24 - Q1 Growth			Growth	Year over year Change						
Accommodation and Food Services	\$	16,067	\$	206	\$	(15,861)			-99%			
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	\$	34,142	\$	164,250	\$	130,108			381%			
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$	-	\$	87,326	\$	87,326	N/A					
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	\$	247,995	\$	292,047	\$	44,052			18%			
Construction	\$	2,592,492	\$	10,467,525	\$	7,875,033			304%			
Educational Services	\$	1,976	\$	13,710	\$	11,734			594%			
Finance and Insurance	\$	486	\$	821	\$	335			69%			
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$	5,388	\$	3,948	\$	(1,440)			-27%			
Information	\$	192,843	\$	125,180	\$	(67,664)			-35%			
Management of Companies and Enterprises	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	N/A					
Manufacturing	\$	52,361	\$	205,018	\$	152,658			292%			
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$	-	\$	973,805	\$	973,805	N/A					
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$	371,175	\$	710,582	\$	339,407			91%			
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$	140,549	\$	141,049	\$	500			0%			
Public Administration	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	N/A					
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$	232,675	\$	281,716	\$	49,041			21%			
Retail Trade	\$	414,964	\$	400,709	\$	(14,255)			-3%			
Transportation and Warehousing	\$	12,775	\$	6,812	\$	(5,963)			-47%			
Unclassified Establishments	\$	65,557	\$	69,876	\$	4,319			7%			
Utilities	\$	1,592,182	\$	1,648,095	\$	55,912			4%			
Wholesale Trade	\$	44,001	\$	62,566	\$	18,565			42%			
All Industries	\$	6,205,450	\$	15,737,366	\$	9,531,916			154%			

Table 1 shows that, when comparing year-over-year (YOY) MTGR growth, the largest contribution came from the construction industry, which reported a YOY increase of \$7.9M. The largest decline came from the information industry, which posted a YOY decrease of \$68K.

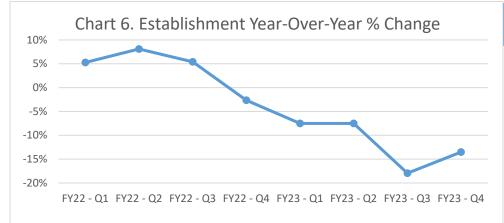
The amount of quarterly gross receipts tax (GRT) collected during Q1 FY24 (\$138K) was 65% more than the amount collected during Q4 FY23 (\$83K), as seen in Chart 4. Over the last eight quarters GRT collections have averaged \$68K and have an upward trend.











An establishment, as used in the QCEW and subsequently Chart 6 and Table 2, is an economic unit, such as a farm, factory, or store, which produces goods or provides services at a single physical worksite and engaged, predominantly, in one type of economic activity.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is the value of all goods and services produced in an area. The percentage that GDP grew (or shrank) from one period to another is an important indicator as to how the economy is performing. Table 2, below, shows the percentage of GDP each industry accounts for in the total GDP, in a specific county and the state. The chart also compares the county to the entire state of New Mexico, by showing the impact of specific industry sectors on the county's GDP compared to that of the whole state.



Table 2. Historical Gla	ance: 20	22 Gross Dom	estic Product by In	dustry		
Industry		2022	Industry % of Total	2021-2022 Growth	YOY % Change	
Accommodation and Food Services	*		*	*	*	
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	\$	6,000	0.01%	\$ -		0%
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$	8,713,000	21.12%	\$ 4,329,000		99%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	*		*	*	*	
Construction	*		*	*	*	
Educational Services	*		*	*	*	
Finance and Insurance	\$	258,000	0.63%	\$ 18,000		8%
Health Care and Social Assistance	*		*	*	*	
Information	*		*	*	*	
Management of Companies and Enterprises	*		*	*	*	
Manufacturing	*		*	*	*	
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$	12,762,000	30.94%	\$ (3,563,000)		-22%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	*		*	*	*	
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$	50,000	0.12%	\$ 3,000		6%
Public Administration	\$	8,202,000	19.88%	\$ (232,000)		-3%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$	3,775,000	9.15%	\$ 30,000		1%
Retail Trade	*		*	*	*	
Transportation and Warehousing	\$	101,000	0.24%	\$ 11,000		12%
Utilities	*		*	*	*	
Wholesale Trade	*		*	*	*	
All Industries	\$	41,251,000		\$ 436,000		1%

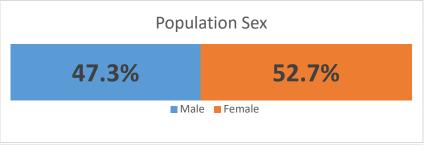
^{*}Not shown to avoid disclosure of confidential information

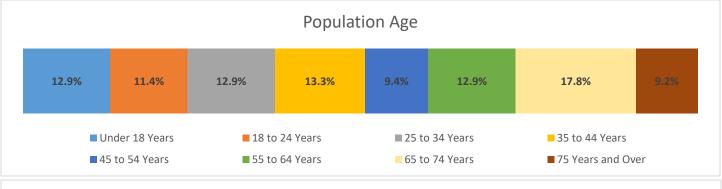
⁻This historical look at GDP data represents the most recent county GDP data available

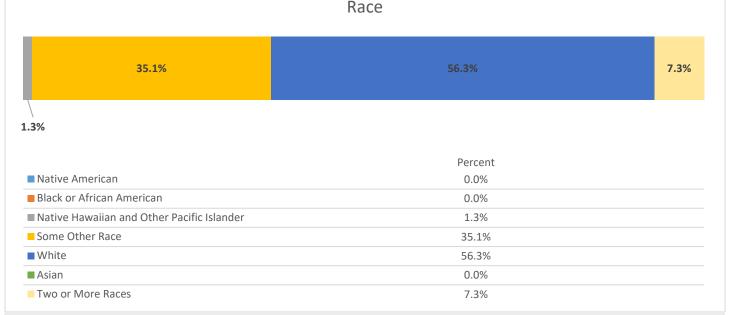


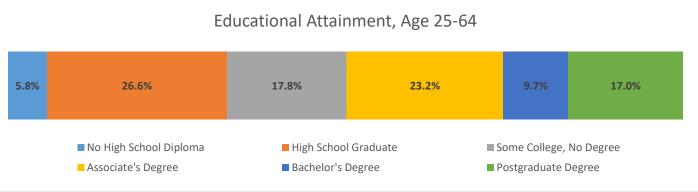
Population

533









Page 4 Source: JobsEQ - American Community Survey 2021 5-year estimates, unless noted otherwise