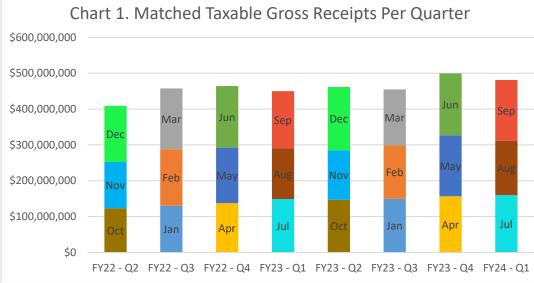


Released: February 2024

Prepared by: Joel Salas, Economist



In the first quarter of FY24, 28 of 33 counties saw year-over-year economic growth, with 9.1% growth statewide in matched taxable gross receipts (MTGR). State gross receipts increased from the fourth quarter of FY23, bringing it to the highest ever quarterly total in MTGR for the state.

Valencia County's matched taxable gross receipts (MTGR) declined by \$18.1M from Q4 FY23 to **Q1** of FY24. Construction, retail trade, and utilities were the top three industries by total MTGR in Q1 FY24, as seen in Chart 2. Table 1, on the next page, shows a yearover-year (YOY) increase in Q1 FY24 of 7%, or \$31.3M, compared to Q1 FY23. The largest contributor to this increase came from the utilities industry.

Matched Taxable Gross Receipts (MTGR) are the best tax data available to show underlying economic activity. The data collection process matches a tax payment with reported receipts for each taxpayer by industry.

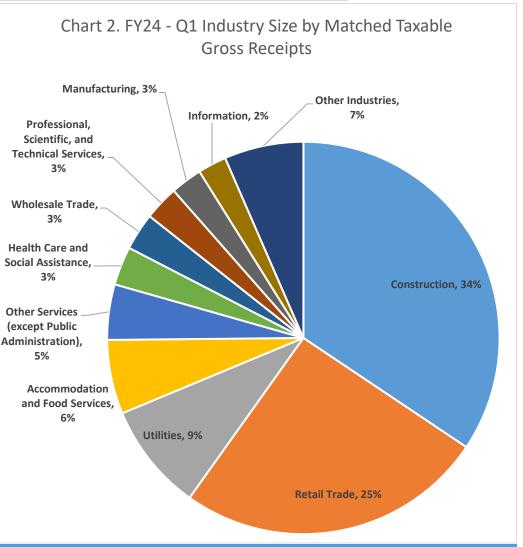
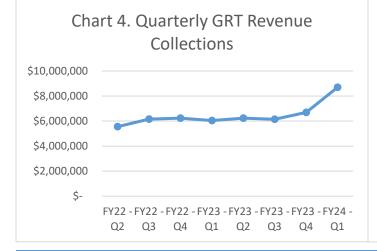




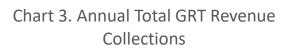
Table 1. Matched T	axable	Gross Rece	eipt	s by Industi	ſY				
Industries		FY23 - Q1	FY24 - Q1		Growth	wth Year over ye		ear Change	
Accommodation and Food Services	\$	27,164,751	\$	29,403,625	\$	2,238,875			8%
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	\$	7,262,697	\$	8,585,334	\$	1,322,637			18%
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$	(46,956)	\$	1,751,431	*		*		
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	\$	931,203	\$	1,077,373	\$	146,170			16%
Construction	\$	160,681,304	\$	165,483,960	\$	4,802,656			3%
Educational Services	\$	605,359	\$	505,864	\$	(99,495)			-16%
Finance and Insurance	\$	1,270,141	\$	1,305,192	\$	35,051			3%
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$	13,004,386	\$	15,311,498	\$	2,307,112			18%
Information	\$	10,994,330	\$	11,341,378	\$	347,048			3%
Management of Companies and Enterprises	\$	-	\$	27,126	\$	27,126	N/A		
Manufacturing	\$	8,782,309	\$	12,544,327	\$	3,762,018			43%
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$	131,217	\$	44,279	\$	(86,938)			-66%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$	22,156,196	\$	21,981,216	\$	(174,980)		1	-1%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$	21,000,179	\$	13,707,502	\$	(7,292,677)			-35%
Public Administration	\$	(31,123)	\$	-	\$	31,123			-100%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$	8,345,659	\$	7,822,629	\$	(523,030)			-6%
Retail Trade	\$	111,152,045	\$	122,475,912	\$	11,323,867			10%
Transportation and Warehousing	\$	4,313,396	\$	2,150,019	\$	(2,163,377)			-50%
Unclassified Establishments	\$	7,544,972	\$	8,142,094	\$	597,122			8%
Utilities	\$	28,423,516	\$	42,702,566	\$	14,279,050			50%
Wholesale Trade	\$	16,111,408	\$	14,758,255	\$	(1,353,153)			-8%
All Industries	\$	449,966,062	\$	481,314,136	\$	31,348,074			7%

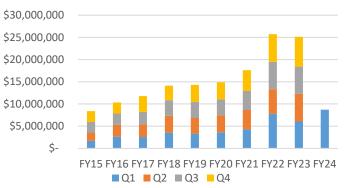
The agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting industry, in Table 1, shows negative MTGR in Q1 FY23. This could be due to amended tax filings with TRD. Gross receipts tax (GRT) revenue collections increased by \$2M, or 29.9%, from Q4 FY23 to Q1 of FY24, as seen in Chart 4. Over the last eight quarters GRT collections have averaged \$6.5M.

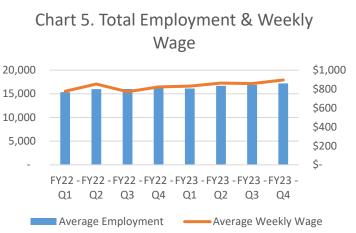
Shown in Chart 5, Q4 FY23 total average employment in the county grew by 914, YOY, or 5.6%. Average weekly wages in Q4 FY23 experienced a YOY increase of \$73, a percent increase of 8.9%.



SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS











An **establishment**, as used in the QCEW and subsequently Chart 6 and Table 2, is an economic unit, such as a farm, factory, or store, which produces goods or provides services at a single physical worksite and engaged, predominantly, in one type of economic activity.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is the value of all goods and services produced in an area. The percentage that GDP grew (or shrank) from one period to another is an important indicator as to how the economy is performing. Table 2, below, shows the percentage of GDP each industry accounts for in the total GDP, in a specific county and the state. The chart also compares the county to the entire state of New Mexico, by showing the impact of specific industry sectors on the county's GDP compared to that of the whole state.

Chart 7. Calendar Year % Change In Real GDP Year-Over-Year

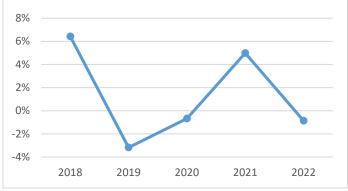


Table 2. Historical Glance: 2022 Gross Domestic Product by Industry

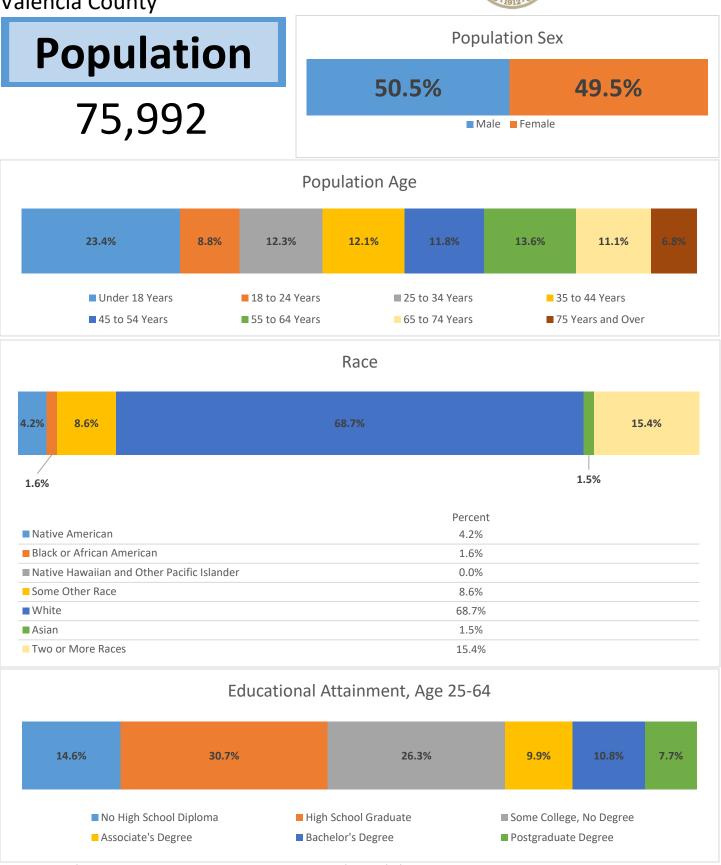
Industry		2022	Industry % of Total	2021-2022 Growth	YOY % Ch	ange						
Accommodation and Food Services	\$	50,367,000	3.11%	\$ 2,397,000		5%						
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	\$	22,320,000	1.38%	\$ 3,494,000		19%						
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$	2,534,000	0.16%	\$ 498,000		24%						
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	\$	6,821,000	0.42%	\$ 2,110,000		45%						
Construction	\$	230,560,000	14.25%	\$ (9,568,000)		-4%						
Educational Services	\$	7,686,000	0.47%	\$ 660,000		9%						
Finance and Insurance	\$	33,301,000	2.06%	*	*							
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$	94,184,000	5.82%	\$ 5,152,000		6%						
Information	\$	65,198,000	4.03%	\$ 10,957,000		20%						
Management of Companies and Enterprises	\$	6,842,000	0.42%	\$ (34,000)		0%						
Manufacturing	\$	123,880,000	7.66%	\$ (9,130,000)		-7%						
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	*		*	*	*							
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$	37,392,000	2.31%	\$ 1,265,000		4%						
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$	45,950,000	2.84%	\$ 5,034,000		12%						
Public Administration	\$	319,842,000	19.77%	\$ 9,979,000		3%						
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	*		*	*	*							
Retail Trade	\$	143,732,000	8.88%	\$ (18,323,000)		-11%						
Transportation and Warehousing	\$	118,823,000	7.34%	\$ (3,550,000)		-3%						
Utilities	*		*	*	*							
Wholesale Trade	\$	19,116,000	1.18%	\$ (1,655,000)		-8%						
All Industries	\$	1,618,116,000		\$ (14,042,000)		-1%						
*Not shown to avoid disclosure of confidential information												

*Not shown to avoid disclosure of confidential information

-This historical look at GDP data represents the most recent county GDP data available

SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS





Page 4 Source: JobsEQ - American Community Survey 2021 5-year estimates, unless noted otherwise

SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS