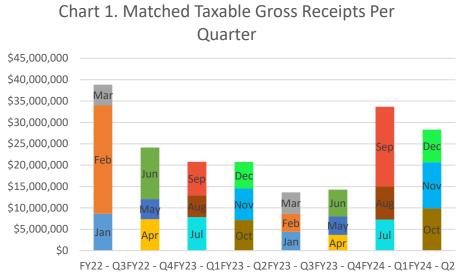


Released: May 2024

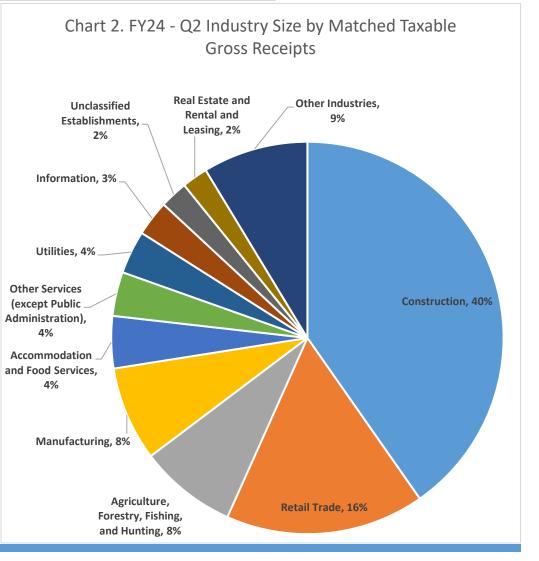
Prepared by: Joel Salas, Economist; Daye Kwon, Economist



In the second quarter of FY24, 25 of 33 counties saw year-over-year economic growth, with 5.1% growth statewide in matched taxable gross receipts (MTGR). State MTGR was the second highest quarterly total, trailing only the previous quarter, Q1 FY24. As inflation remains employment, stubborn, wages, and number of establishments are up year-over-year in New Mexico.

Over the last eight quarters, matched taxable gross (MTGR) receipts have averaged \$24.3M, which is \$4M less than the amount reported during Q2 FY24 (\$28.3M). From Q1 FY24 to Q2 FY24 MTGR decreased by nearly 16% or just over \$5.3M. With this decline, MTGR in Catron County, has a downward trend. As in seen Chart 2, the construction and retail trade industries accounted for 56% of Catron County's total MTGR.

Matched Taxable Gross Receipts (MTGR) are the best tax data available to show underlying economic activity. The data collection process matches a tax payment with reported receipts for each taxpayer by industry.



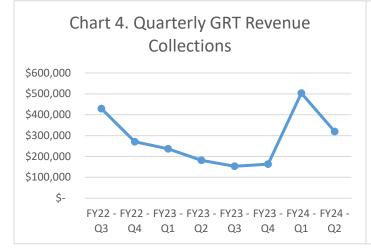
SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS



Table 1. Matched Taxable Gross Receipts by Industry											
Industries		FY23 - Q2		FY24 - Q2		Growth	Year over y	ear Ch	nange		
Accommodation and Food Services	\$	1,273,104	\$	1,217,895	\$	(55,209)			-4%		
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	\$	170,592	\$	480,669	\$	310,077			182%		
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$	1,761,798	\$	2,273,196	\$	511,398			29%		
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	\$	359,087	\$	585,230	\$	226,143			63%		
Construction	\$	3,841,824	\$	11,405,252	\$	7,563,428			197%		
Educational Services	\$	37,944	\$	16,315	\$	(21,629)			-57%		
Finance and Insurance	\$	31,184	\$	20,855	\$	(10,329)			-33%		
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$	445,657	\$	357,447	\$	(88,210)			-20%		
Information	\$	755,853	\$	827,572	\$	71,719			9%		
Management of Companies and Enterprises	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	N/A				
Manufacturing	\$	576,469	\$	2,203,795	\$	1,627,326			282%		
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$	-	\$	1,430	\$	1,430	N/A				
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$	1,374,487	\$	1,028,733	\$	(345,755)			-25%		
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$	782,823	\$	396,557	\$	(386,266)			-49%		
Public Administration	\$	-	\$	16,220	\$	16,220	N/A				
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$	2,606,770	\$	602,350	\$	(2,004,420)			-77%		
Retail Trade	\$	4,290,110	\$	4,642,749	\$	352,638			8%		
Transportation and Warehousing	\$	67,061	\$	85,841	\$	18,781			28%		
Unclassified Establishments	\$	602,163	\$	648,178	\$	46,016			8%		
Utilities	\$	1,117,438	\$	1,005,740	\$	(111,697)			-10%		
Wholesale Trade	\$	568,599	\$	494,632	\$	(73,967)			-13%		
All Industries	\$	20,754,858	\$	28,316,857	\$	7,561,999			36%		

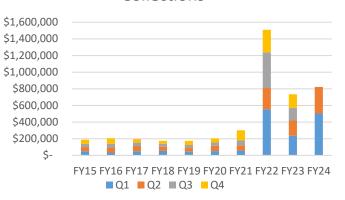
Table 1 shows that, when comparing year-over-year (YOY) MTGR growth, the largest contribution came from the construction industry, which posted a YOY increase of \$7.6M. The largest decline came from the real estate and rental and leasing industry, which posted a YOY decrease of \$2M.

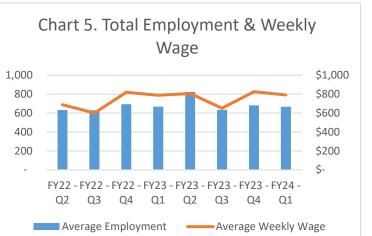
The amount of quarterly gross receipts tax (GRT) collected during Q2 FY24 (\$319K) was 36.6% less than the amount collected during Q1 FY24 (\$504K), as seen in Chart 4. Over the last eight quarters, GRT collections have averaged \$282K and are trending relatively flat.



SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS











An **establishment**, as used in the QCEW and subsequently Chart 6 and Table 2, is an economic unit, such as a farm, factory, or store, which produces goods or provides services at a single physical worksite and is engaged, predominantly, in one type of economic activity.

The **Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages,** or the **QCEW**, used in Charts 5-6 and Table 2, produces comprehensive data on the number of establishments, monthly employment and quarterly wages for workers covered by state unemployment insurance (UI) laws and federal workers covered by the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program. These data are aggregated to many different levels, starting at the 6-digit NAICS industry level, to higher industry levels (NAICS industry groups, sectors, and supersectors), and to higher geographic levels (MSA, state and national).

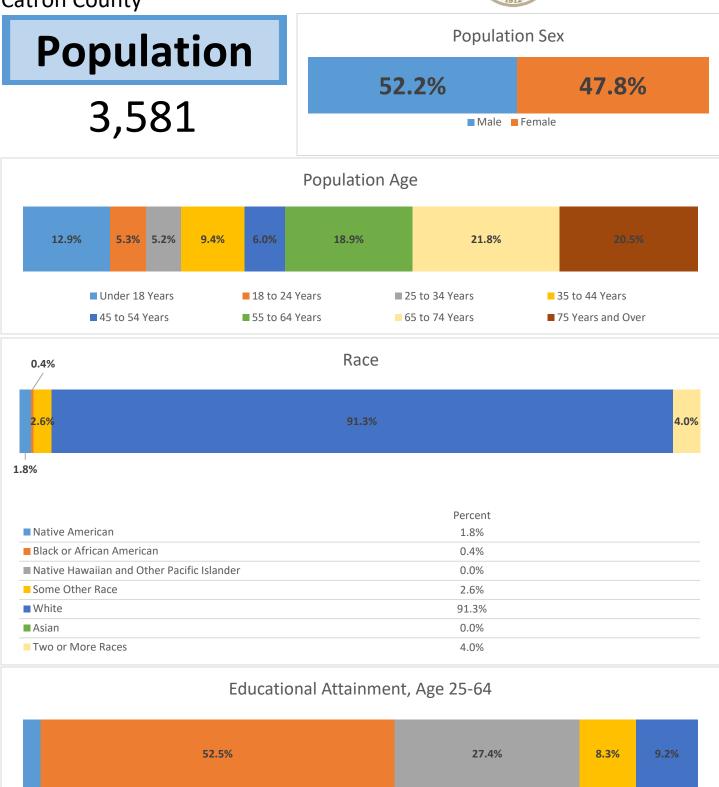
Data are based on information reported by New Mexico employers, covering 97% of nonfarm wage and salary workers. Data are published every quarter. Considered the gold standard for its reliability of industry data, the QCEW data are the most complete universe of monthly employment and quarterly wage information by detailed industry.

			ange in			YOY cha		<b>,</b>		
	Average	U		Average		Average		Number of	YOY Change in	
Industry	Employment	Employ	ment	We	ekly Wage	Weekly	Wage	Establishments	Establishments	
Accommodation and Food Services	25	5	13.6%	\$	218		-5.6%	6	-14.3%	
Administrative/Support & Waste										
Management/Remediation	19	)	-45.7%	\$	767		-22.2%	7	-12.5%	
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	15	5	-21.1%	\$	768		7.1%	5	-28.6%	
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	k	k	*		*		*	3	0.0%	
Construction	56	5	5.7%	\$	659		-14.5%	16	14.3%	
Educational Services	*	ĸ	*		*		*	3	0.0%	
Finance and Insurance	*	k	*		*		*	2	0.0%	
Health Care and Social Assistance	*	ĸ	*		*		*	14	7.7%	
Information	×	k	*		*		*	3	0.0%	
Management of Companies and Enterprises	*	k	*		*		*	1	-50.0%	
Manufacturing	*	¢	*		*		*	4	0.0%	
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	×	k	*		*		*	1	0.0%	
Other Services (except Public Administration)	×	ĸ	*		*		*	3	0.0%	
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	-	7	0.0%	\$	1,655		11.0%	6	0.0%	
Public Administration	172	2	11.7%	\$	1,411		-0.4%	16	0.0%	
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	*	ĸ	*		*		*	3	0.0%	
Retail Trade	105	5	6.1%	\$	408		-10.1%	16	0.0%	
Transportation and Warehousing	15	5	-6.3%	\$	1,011		-3.9%	9	0.0%	
Utilities	15	5	0.0%	\$	647		-0.3%	4	0.0%	
Wholesale Trade	3	3	*	\$	2,188		*	4	33.3%	
All Industries	666		-0.1%	\$	791		0.4%	126	-0.8%	
*Some data may be withheld to avoid disclosure of confid	ential information.									

#### Table 2. FY24 - Q1 Employment Data and Establishments by Industry

SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS





High School Graduate

Bachelor's Degree

Page 4 Source: JobsEQ - American Community Survey 2021 5-year estimates, unless noted otherwise

SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS

No High School Diploma

Associate's Degree

2.6%

Some College, No Degree

Postgraduate Degree