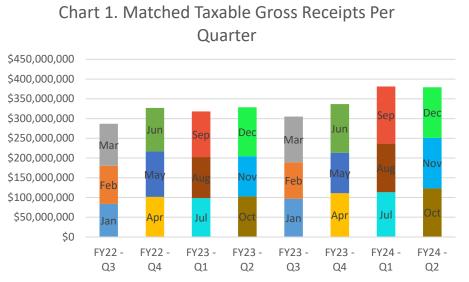
Prepared by: Joel Salas, Economist; Daye Kwon, Economist

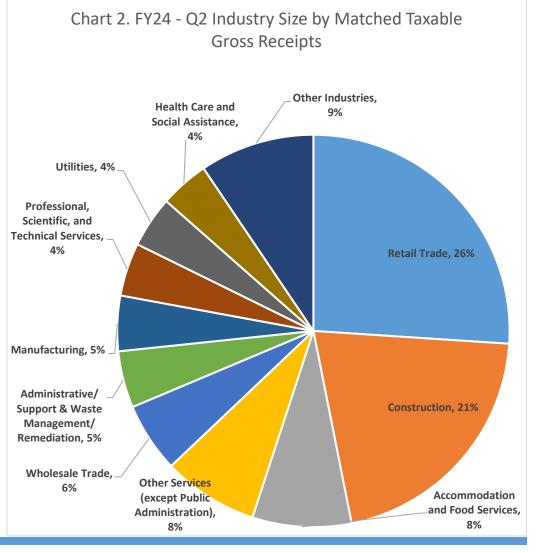
Released: May 2024



In the second quarter of FY24, 25 of 33 counties saw year-overyear economic growth, with 5.1% growth statewide in matched taxable gross receipts (MTGR). State MTGR was the second highest quarterly total, trailing only the previous quarter, Q1 FY24. As inflation remains stubborn, employment, wages, and number of establishments are up year-over-year in New Mexico.

Curry County's matched taxable gross receipts (MTGR) declined by \$2M from Q1 FY24 to Q2 of FY24. Retail trade. construction. and accommodation and food services were the top 3 industries by MTGR in Q2 FY24, as seen in Chart 2. Table 1, on the next page, shows a year-over-year (YOY) increase in Q2 FY24 of 15% or \$50.7M, compared to Q2 FY23. The largest contributor to this increase came from the construction industry. The agriculture, forestry,

Matched Taxable Gross Receipts (MTGR) are the best tax data available to show underlying economic activity. The data collection process matches tax payment with а reported receipts for each taxpayer by industry.

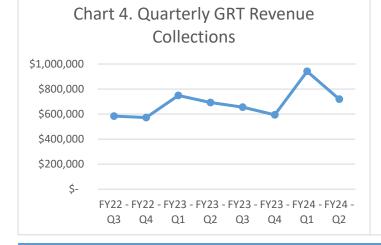


SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS



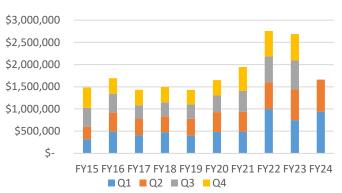
Industries	FY23 - Q2	FY24 - Q2	Growth	Year over y	ear C	hange
Accommodation and Food Services	\$ 28,354,097	\$ 30,943,512	\$ 2,589,416			9%
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	\$ 6,057,832	\$ 17,742,535	\$ 11,684,704			193%
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$ (745,436)	\$ 816,434	\$ 1,561,870			-210%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	\$ 668,947	\$ 598,920	\$ (70,027)			-10%
Construction	\$ 58,776,557	\$ 79,006,885	\$ 20,230,327			34%
Educational Services	\$ 347,019	\$ 353,221	\$ 6,202			2%
Finance and Insurance	\$ 1,651,524	\$ 1,528,938	\$ (122,587)	[-7%
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$ 12,762,568	\$ 15,317,520	\$ 2,554,952			20%
Information	\$ 10,931,821	\$ 11,951,381	\$ 1,019,560			9%
Management of Companies and Enterprises	\$ 7,182	\$ -	\$ (7,182)			-100%
Manufacturing	\$ 10,164,151	\$ 17,286,892	\$ 7,122,741			70%
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$ 658,173	\$ 608,224	\$ (49,948)	[1	-8%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$ 24,026,069	\$ 29,886,985	\$ 5,860,917			24%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$ 15,133,555	\$ 16,615,177	\$ 1,481,623			10%
Public Administration	\$ -	\$ 239,907	\$ 239,907	N/A		
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$ 6,420,723	\$ 8,399,280	\$ 1,978,557			31%
Retail Trade	\$ 103,941,839	\$ 98,760,736	\$ (5,181,104)			-5%
Transportation and Warehousing	\$ 4,138,737	\$ 3,304,577	\$ (834,160)		ĺ –	-20%
Unclassified Establishments	\$ 6,530,939	\$ 8,059,798	\$ 1,528,858			23%
Utilities	\$ 21,926,030	\$ 16,026,161	\$ (5,899,869)			-27%
Wholesale Trade	\$ 16,825,291	\$ 21,796,734	\$ 4,971,443			30%
All Industries	\$ 328,691,900	\$ 379,368,150	\$ 50,676,250			15%

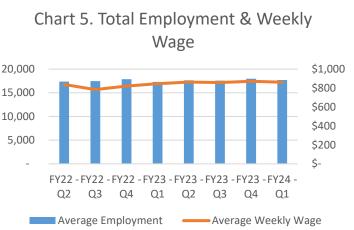
fishing, and hunting industry, in Table 1, shows negative MTGR in Q2 FY23. This could be due to amended tax filings with TRD. Gross receipts tax (GRT) revenue collections decreased by \$1.1M, or -24.5%, from Q1 FY24 to Q2 of FY24, as seen in Chart 4. Over the last eight quarters GRT collections have averaged \$3M, which is \$367K less than the amount collected in Q2 FY24 (\$3.3M). As seen in Chart 5, Q1 FY24 total average employment in the county grew by 401, YOY, which equates to a percentage increase of 2.3%. Average weekly wages in Q1 FY24 experienced a YOY increase of \$14, a percent increase of 1.7%.



SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS











An establishment, as used in the QCEW and subsequently Chart 6 and Table 2, is an economic unit, such as a farm, factory, or store, which produces goods or provides services at a single physical worksite and is engaged, predominantly, in one type of economic activity.

The Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, or the QCEW, used in Charts 5-6 and Table 2, produces comprehensive data on the number of establishments, monthly employment and quarterly wages for workers covered by state unemployment insurance (UI) laws and federal workers covered by the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program. These data are aggregated to many different levels, starting at the 6-digit NAICS industry level, to higher industry levels (NAICS industry groups, sectors, and supersectors), and to higher geographic levels (MSA, state and national).

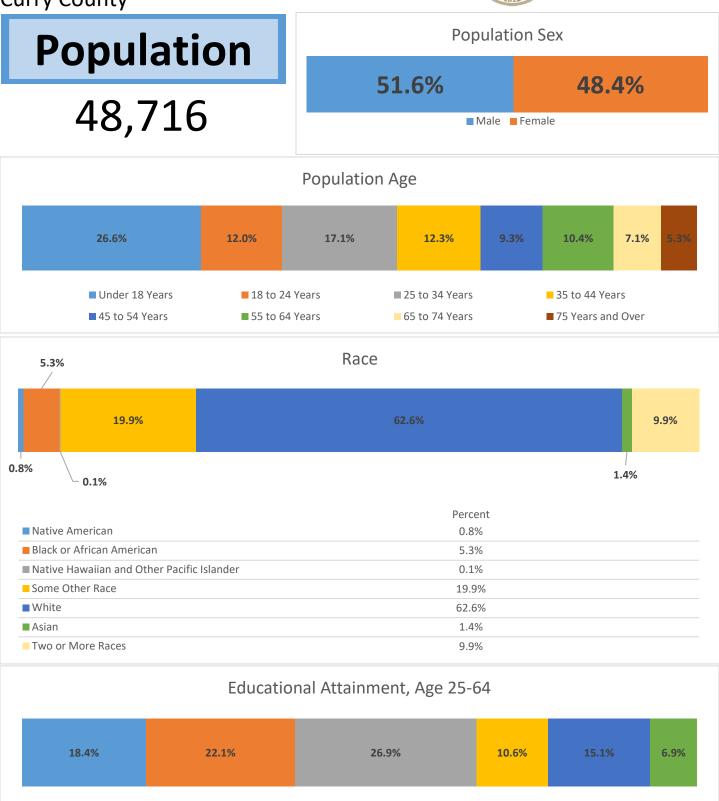
Data are based on information reported by New Mexico employers, covering 97% of nonfarm wage and salary workers. Data are published every quarter. Considered the gold standard for its reliability of industry data, the QCEW data are the most complete universe of monthly employment and quarterly wage information by detailed industry.

Table 2. F124 -	Q1 Employme		1.1	labitstimen	•		У		
		YOY Change	inge in		YOY change in				
	Average	0		Average Average			Number of YOY Change		
Industry	Employment	Employment	V	Veekly Wage	Weekly	Wage	Establishments	Establishments	
Accommodation and Food Services	2,000	0.	%	\$ 413		5.9%	98	-1.0%	
Administrative/Support & Waste									
Management/Remediation	461	-0.4	1%	\$ 786		-15.9%	74	2.8%	
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	1,416	-0.4	1%	\$ 813		1.8%	75	2.7%	
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	208	3 15.6	5%	\$ 431	. 📕	-12.2%	16	6.7%	
Construction	1,327	24.5	5%	\$ 1,036		15.2%	118	0.0%	
Educational Services	1,353	4.6	5%	\$ 949		6.6%	15	0.0%	
Finance and Insurance	373	-1.8	8%	\$ 1,267		17.4%	67	9.8%	
Health Care and Social Assistance	3,616	5 1.5	5%	\$ 849		-3.9%	210	0.0%	
Information	91		* (\$ 662		*	17	13.3%	
Management of Companies and Enterprises	325	2.5	5%	\$ 1,548		4.6%	9	-10.0%	
Manufacturing	743	1.1	.%	\$ 1,127		3.7%	38	-2.6%	
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	3	8	*	\$ 1,342		*	5	0.0%	
Other Services (except Public Administration)	463	-20.7	%	\$ 704		8.5%	88	-9.3%	
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	477	3.0)%	\$ 1,221		-2.6%	125	1.6%	
Public Administration	1,051	. 1.4	%	\$ 1,213		0.7%	43	-4.4%	
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	184	3.4	%	\$ 705		-3.6%	59	-4.8%	
Retail Trade	2,371	. 1.:	.% :	\$ 644		-1.7%	167	5.0%	
Transportation and Warehousing	654	-5.2	%	\$ 1,121		2.1%	53	-7.0%	
Utilities	140	7.7	%	\$ 1,363		-7.5%	8	0.0%	
Wholesale Trade	438	16.5	5%	\$ 1,003		-3.1%	60	7.1%	
All Industries	17,695	2.3	8%	\$ 861		1.7%	1,345	0.4%	
*Some data may be withheld to avoid disclosure of confid	lential information.								

Table 2 EV24 - O1 Employment Data and Establishments by Industry

Some data may be withheld to avoid disclosure of confidential information.





High School Graduate

Bachelor's Degree

Page 4 Source: JobsEQ - American Community Survey 2021 5-year estimates, unless noted otherwise

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No High School Diploma

Associate's Degree

Some College, No Degree

Postgraduate Degree