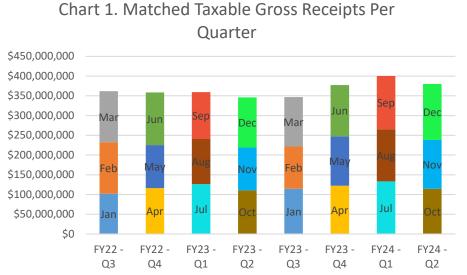


Released: May 2024

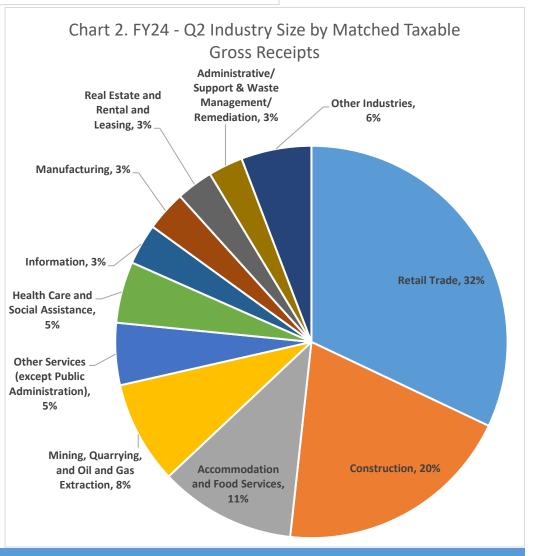
Prepared by: Joel Salas, Economist; Daye Kwon, Economist



In the second quarter of FY24, 25 of 33 counties saw year-overyear economic growth, with 5.1% growth statewide in matched taxable gross receipts (MTGR). State MTGR was the second highest quarterly total, trailing only the previous quarter, Q1 FY24. As inflation remains stubborn, employment, wages, and number of establishments are up year-over-year in New Mexico.

McKinley County's matched taxable gross receipts (MTGR) declined by \$20.2M from Q1 FY24 to Q2 of FY24. Retail trade. construction. and accommodation and food services were the top 3 industries by MTGR in Q2 FY24, as seen in Chart 2. Table 1, on the next page, shows a year-over-year (YOY) increase in Q2 FY24 10%, \$34.1M, of or compared to Q2 FY23. largest contributor The to this increase came from the construction industry.

Matched Taxable Gross Receipts (MTGR) are the best tax data available to show underlying economic activity. The data collection process matches a tax payment with reported receipts for each taxpayer by industry.

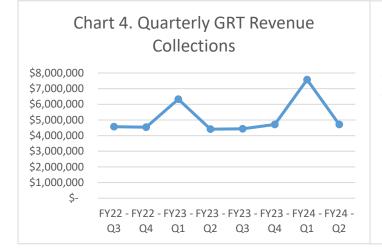


SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS



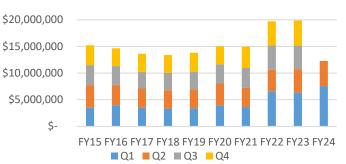
Table 1. Matched Taxable Gross Receipts by Industry											
Industries		FY23 - Q2		FY24 - Q2		Growth	Year over ye	ar Change			
Accommodation and Food Services	\$	39,934,170	\$	42,234,764	\$	2,300,593		6%			
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	\$	5,916,489	\$	10,735,551	\$	4,819,061		81%			
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$	897,531	\$	750,313	\$	(147,218)		-16%			
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	\$	191,552	\$	280,152	\$	88,600		46%			
Construction	\$	38,557,144	\$	73,945,776	\$	35,388,633		92%			
Educational Services	\$	1,507,937	\$	1,377,846	\$	(130,091)		-9%			
Finance and Insurance	\$	1,260,304	\$	1,293,062	\$	32,758		3%			
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$	15,086,683	\$	19,004,516	\$	3,917,833		26%			
Information	\$	12,014,288	\$	12,601,692	\$	587,404		5%			
Management of Companies and Enterprises	\$	-	\$	7,825	\$	7,825	N/A				
Manufacturing	\$	8,928,676	\$	12,496,417	\$	3,567,741		40%			
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$	42,092,143	\$	31,808,312	\$	(10,283,832)		-24%			
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$	18,328,502	\$	19,226,377	\$	897,875		5%			
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$	9,134,288	\$	(2,774,667)	\$	(11,908,955)		-130%			
Public Administration	\$	1,446,002	\$	-	\$	(1,446,002)		-100%			
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$	7,201,263	\$	11,394,031	\$	4,192,768		58%			
Retail Trade	\$	116,172,499	\$	120,273,984	\$	4,101,486		4%			
Transportation and Warehousing	\$	1,331,980	\$	1,534,736	\$	202,756		15%			
Unclassified Establishments	\$	3,802,101	\$	3,914,955	\$	112,854		3%			
Utilities	\$	6,181,397	\$	5,047,268	\$	(1,134,129)		-18%			
Wholesale Trade	\$	12,246,886	\$	10,301,703	\$	(1,945,183)		-16%			
All Industries	\$	345,904,249	\$	380,033,325	\$	34,129,076		10%			

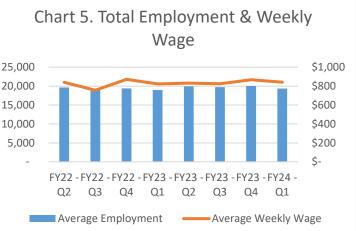
The public administration industry in Table 1 does not have data for Q2 FY24. This occurs frequently for this industry within McKinley County and could be due to data being withheld to avoid disclosure of confidential information because of too few tax filers during the period. Gross receipts tax (GRT) revenue collections decreased by \$2.9M, or -37.8%, from Q1 FY24 to Q2 of FY24, as seen in Chart 4. Over the last eight quarters GRT collections have averaged \$5.2M. As seen in Chart 5, Q1 FY24 total average employment in the county grew by 393, YOY, which equates to a percentage increase of 2.1%. Average weekly wages in Q1 FY24 experienced a YOY increase of \$19, a percent increase of 2.3%.



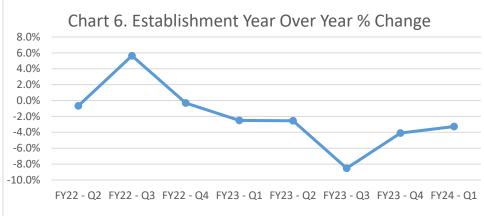
SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS











An establishment, as used in the QCEW and subsequently Chart 6 and Table 2, is an economic unit, such as a farm, factory, or store, which produces goods or provides services at a single physical worksite engaged, and is predominantly, in one type of economic activity.

The Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, or the QCEW, used in Charts 5-6 and Table 2, produces comprehensive data on the number of establishments, monthly employment and quarterly wages for workers covered by state unemployment insurance (UI) laws and federal workers covered by the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program. These data are aggregated to many different levels, starting at the 6-digit NAICS industry level, to higher industry levels (NAICS industry groups, sectors, and supersectors), and to higher geographic levels (MSA, state and national).

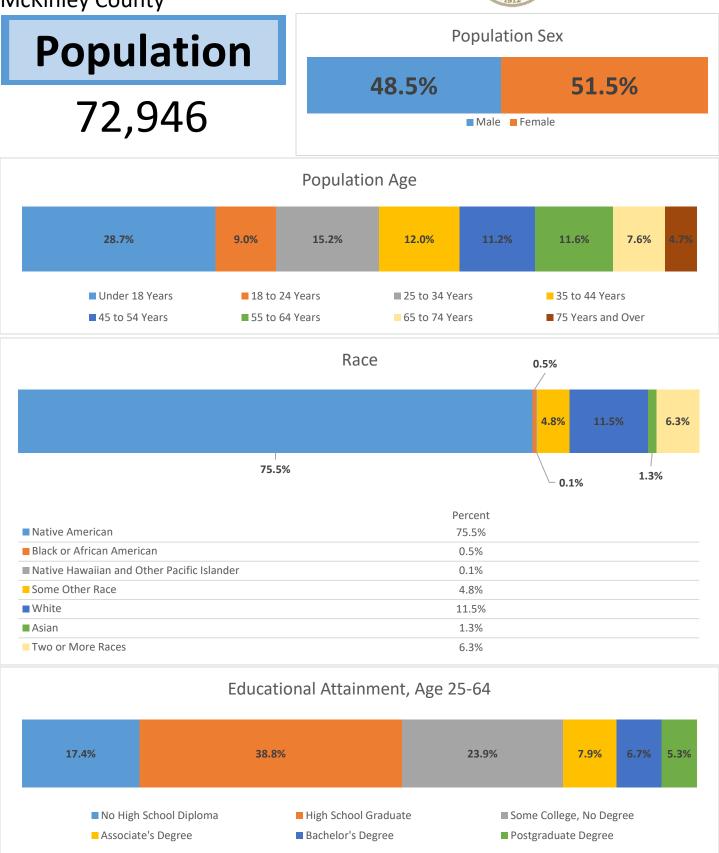
Data are based on information reported by New Mexico employers, covering 97% of nonfarm wage and salary workers. Data are published every quarter. Considered the gold standard for its reliability of industry data, the QCEW data are the most complete universe of monthly employment and quarterly wage information by detailed industry.

Table 2. F124 -	Q1 Employme			Ξδια	abiisiinen	•		У	
	YOY Change in		YOY change in						
	Average Average			Average		Average		Number of	YOY Change in
Industry	Employment	Employ	ment	We	ekly Wage	Weekly	Wage	Establishments	Establishments
Accommodation and Food Services	2,677		-0.9%	\$	427		5.7%	132	-5.0%
Administrative/Support & Waste									
Management/Remediation	771		39.4%	\$	493		-15.4%	57	-1.7%
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	55	6	*	\$	630		*	5	66.7%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	412		-2.8%	\$	800		9.7%	11	-8.3%
Construction	832		12.1%	\$	847		4.3%	77	2.7%
Educational Services	2,232		8.1%	\$	1,036		3.9%	21	-4.5%
Finance and Insurance	306	5	-0.6%	\$	837		-0.5%	55	-9.8%
Health Care and Social Assistance	4,952		0.4%	\$	1,041		1.7%	295	-3.9%
Information	125		-0.8%	\$	666		-8.6%	22	-4.3%
Management of Companies and Enterprises	*	:	*		*		*	6	-33.3%
Manufacturing	387	'	-20.2%	\$	1,096		19.7%	26	-10.3%
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	*	:	*		*		*	3	0.0%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	460)	-2.5%	\$	666		-0.7%	83	-5.7%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	188	5	3.3%	\$	1,109		19.1%	59	-1.7%
Public Administration	1,701		-2.1%	\$	1,126		2.2%	64	-4.5%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	142		-3.4%	\$	825		6.7%	39	5.4%
Retail Trade	3,157	,	0.6%	\$	602		0.2%	197	1.0%
Transportation and Warehousing	362		4.3%	\$	1,185		13.4%	46	-6.1%
Utilities	109		-0.9%	\$	1,660		-7.2%	11	-8.3%
Wholesale Trade	451		4.6%	\$	798		2.4%	36	-5.3%
All Industries	19,361		2.1%	\$	842		2.3%	1,245	-3.3%
*Some data may be withheld to avoid disclosure of config	lential information.								

Table 2. FY24 - O1 Employment Data and Establishments by Industry

Some data may be withheld to avoid disclosure of confidential information.





Page 4 Source: JobsEQ - American Community Survey 2021 5-year estimates, unless noted otherwise

SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS