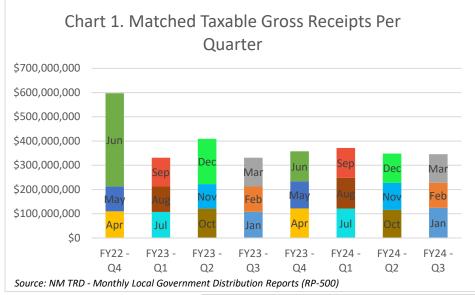


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In the third quarter of FY24, 27 out of 33 counties reported positive yearover-year (YOY) economic growth, with a statewide 8.5% increase in matched taxable gross receipts (MTGR). Statewide growth was seen across most industry sectors, with construction and professional, scientific, and technical services inflation leading. As remains stubborn, employment, wages, and the number of establishments are up YOY in New Mexico.

As seen in Chart 1, Otero County's MTGR experienced a slight decrease of 0.7%, or 2.5M, from Q2-Q3 FY24. The amount reported during this quarter (\$346M) was also \$40.6M smaller than the eight-quarter average (\$386.6M), though this average is slightly skewed by FY22 which particularly high. Chart 2 shows that the retail trade, construction, and other services industries were the top 3, accounting for 57% of the total MTGR in Q3 FY24.

Matched Taxable Gross
Receipts (MTGR) are the
best tax data available to
show underlying economic
activity. The data
collection process matches
a tax payment with
reported receipts for each
taxpayer by industry.

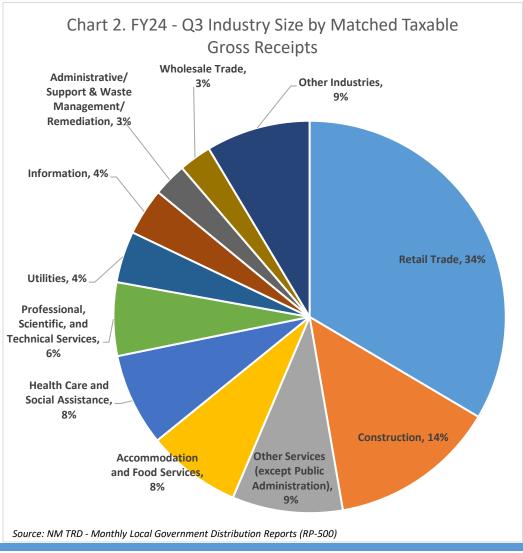
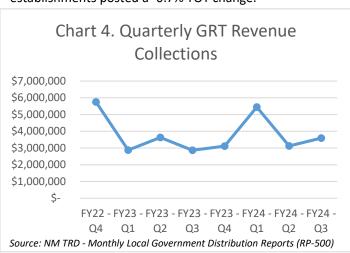




Table 1. Matched Taxable Gross Receipts by Industry											
Industries		FY23 - Q3 FY24 - Q3				Growth	Growth Year over year Change				
Accommodation and Food Services	\$	26,918,206	\$	26,780,137	\$	(138,068)		-1%			
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	\$	9,682,753	\$	9,533,464	\$	(149,289)		-2%			
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$	926,135	\$	812,307	\$	(113,828)		-12%			
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	\$	889,580	\$	1,691,098	\$	801,518		90%			
Construction	\$	37,585,454	\$	47,521,718	\$	9,936,264		26%			
Educational Services	\$	3,995,198	\$	2,328,299	\$	(1,666,899)		-42%			
Finance and Insurance	\$	1,141,590	\$	1,070,135	\$	(71,455)		-6%			
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$	17,073,775	\$	26,344,406	\$	9,270,631		54%			
Information	\$	13,139,524	\$	13,364,807	\$	225,283		2%			
Management of Companies and Enterprises	\$	47,591	\$	42,150	\$	(5,441)		-11%			
Manufacturing	\$	12,139,316	\$	7,196,897	\$	(4,942,419)		-41%			
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$	484,059	\$	852,962	\$	368,904		76%			
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$	32,693,263	\$	31,420,090	\$	(1,273,173)		-4%			
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$	21,108,679	\$	20,869,225	\$	(239,454)		-1%			
Public Administration	\$	-	\$	494,000	\$	494,000	N/A				
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$	6,568,372	\$	6,807,905	\$	239,533		4%			
Retail Trade	\$	113,057,216	\$	115,542,907	\$	2,485,692		2%			
Transportation and Warehousing	\$	901,292	\$	1,105,796	\$	204,505		23%			
Unclassified Establishments	\$	7,151,365	\$	7,216,687	\$	65,322		1%			
Utilities	\$	15,204,260	\$	14,629,899	\$	(574,360)		-4%			
Wholesale Trade	\$	10,017,692	\$	9,254,619	\$	(763,073)		-8%			
All Industries	\$	331,269,644	\$	346,041,462	\$	14,771,817		4%			
Source: NM TRD - Monthly Local Government Distribution Reports (RP-500) ar	nd EDD Co	alculations									

These industries were also the top 3 in Q2 FY24, comprising 58% of MTGR. Table 1 shows that when comparing YOY MTGR growth, the largest contributions came from the construction (\$9.9M) and health care and social assistance (\$9.3M) industries. Excluding a spike in FY22, the annual gross receipts tax (GRT) collected shows an upward trend, as seen in Chart 3. Quarterly GRT collections were \$3.6M during Q3 FY24, representing a 14.9% or \$466K increase from Q2 FY24 (Chart 4). Both average employment and weekly wages posted a positive YOY change in Q2 FY24 (Chart 5). Chart 6 on the next page shows that the number establishments posted a -0.7% YOY change.



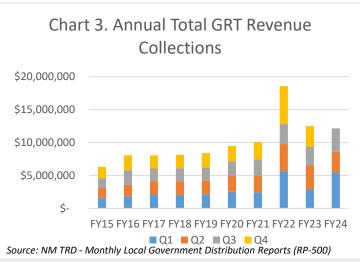


Chart 5. Total Employment & Weekly Wage 20,000 \$1,000 \$800 15,000 \$600 10,000 \$400 5,000 \$200 Ś-FY22 - FY22 - FY23 - FY23 - FY23 - FY24 - FY24 -Q1 Q4 Q1 Average Weekly Wage Average Employment Source: NMDWS - Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages program





An establishment, as used in the QCEW and subsequently Chart 6 and Table 2, is an economic unit, such as a farm, factory, or store, which produces goods or provides services at a single physical worksite and is engaged, predominantly, in one type of economic activity.

The **Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages**, or the **QCEW**, used in Charts 5-6 and Table 2, produces comprehensive data on the number of establishments, monthly employment, and quarterly wages for workers covered by state unemployment insurance (UI) laws and federal workers covered by the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program. These data are aggregated to many different levels, starting at the 6-digit NAICS industry level, to higher industry levels (NAICS industry groups, sectors, and supersectors), and to higher geographic levels (MSA, state, and national).

Data are based on information reported by New Mexico employers, covering 97% of nonfarm wage and salary workers. Data are published every quarter. Considered the gold standard for its reliability of industry data, the QCEW data are the most complete universe of monthly employment and quarterly wage information by detailed industry.

Table 2. FY24 - Q2 Employment Data and Establishments by Industry											
		YOY Change in			YOY change						
	Average	Average		A۱	verage	Average	!	lumber of YOY Change		nge in	
Industry	Employment	Employment		W	eekly Wage	Weekly	Wage	Establishments Establis		ments	
Accommodation and Food Services	2,552		1.2%	\$	525		3.1%	113		0.0%	
Administrative/Support & Waste											
Management/Remediation	991		-23.3%	\$	993		3.4%	95		5.6%	
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	115		5.5%	\$	875		8.3%	15		-6.3%	
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	241		-5.9%	\$	717		6.5%	26		-3.7%	
Construction	1,039		-1.8%	\$	1,109		10.3%	133	Į.	-4.3%	
Educational Services	2,056		7.8%	\$	1,092		-0.7%	27		3.8%	
Finance and Insurance	326	l	-5.0%	\$	1,166		10.2%	62		8.8%	
Health Care and Social Assistance	3,394		3.7%	\$	928		2.1%	217		-2.3%	
Information	195		-12.2%	\$	1,019		2.0%	31	-	-26.2%	
Management of Companies and Enterprises	29		0.0%	\$	1,116		-14.2%	8		-20.0%	
Manufacturing	79		-16.0%	\$	602		0.7%	19		-13.6%	
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	77		6.9%	\$	1,229		3.2%	4		-33.3%	
Other Services (except Public Administration)	377		9.3%	\$	730		-1.2%	85		3.7%	
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	629		4.3%	\$	1,478		5.4%	125		3.3%	
Public Administration	2,402		4.7%	\$	1,297		-5.0%	53		-1.9%	
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	195		4.3%	\$	746		-2.1%	60		0.0%	
Retail Trade	2,478		-0.8%	\$	558		-1.8%	156		1.3%	
Transportation and Warehousing	405		0.0%	\$	1,326		6.6%	47		-4.1%	
Utilities	151		-10.7%	\$	1,283		13.5%	19		0.0%	
Wholesale Trade	79		-15.1%	\$	1,055		25.7%	26		23.8%	
All Industries	17,812		0.2%	\$	930		1.8%	1,321		-0.7%	

Source: NMDWS - Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages program and EDD Calculations *Some data may be withheld to avoid disclosure of confidential information.



Population

67,850

Source: JobsEQ - ACS 2022, 5-year estimates

