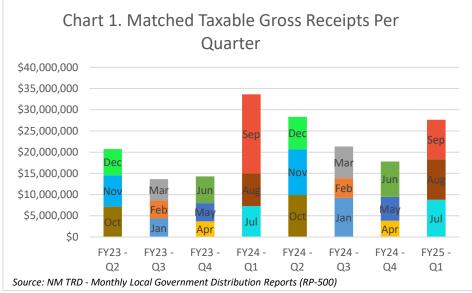
Released: December 2024



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In the first quarter of FY25, 20 out of 33 counties reported positive year-over-year (YOY) economic growth compared to Q1 FY24, with a statewide 1.8% increase in matched taxable gross receipts (MTGR). Statewide growth was observed across most industry sectors, with the construction industry leading the way. Employment, wages, and the number of establishments have also increased YOY at the state level.

Over the last eight quarters, Catron County's MTGR has averaged \$22.2M, which is \$5.5M less than the amount reported during Q1 FY25 (\$27.6M). From Q4 FY24 to Q1 FY25, MTGR increased by 55.3%, or just over \$9.8M. Despite this growth, the county's MTGR remained below the level recorded in the same quarter last year. As seen in Chart 2, construction accounted for 43% of total MTGR, whereas it accounted for only 27% in Q4 FY24.

Matched Taxable Gross
Receipts (MTGR) provide
the most accurate tax data
for assessing underlying
economic activity. The
data collection process
involves matching tax
payments with reported
receipts for each taxpayer
by industry.

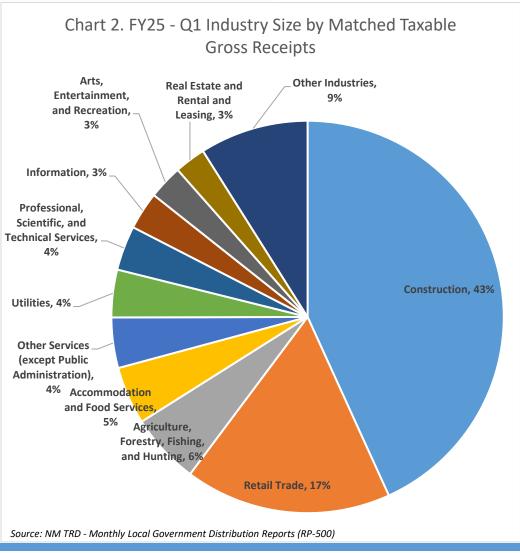
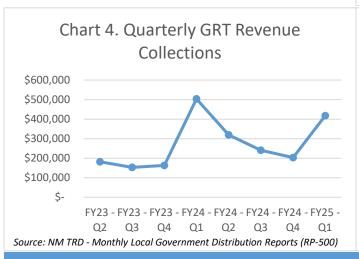


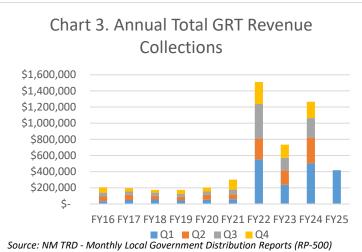


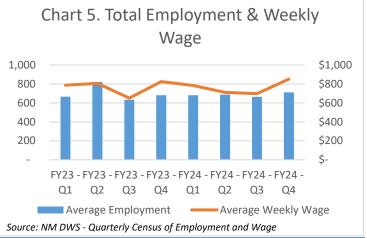
Table 1. Matched Taxable Gross Receipts by Industry													
Industries		FY24 - Q1		FY25 - Q1		Growth	Year over y	ear Change					
Accommodation and Food Services	\$	1,104,578	\$	1,315,842	\$	211,264		19%					
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	\$	170,200	\$	90,501	\$	(79,699)		-47%					
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$	974,939	\$	1,609,141	\$	634,202		65%					
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	\$	619,103	\$	778,702	\$	159,599		26%					
Construction	\$	6,768,676	\$	11,939,496	\$	5,170,820		76%					
Educational Services	\$	33,569	\$	33,976	\$	407		1%					
Finance and Insurance	\$	24,489	\$	22,674	\$	(1,815)		-7%					
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$	274,644	\$	347,618	\$	72,974		27%					
Information	\$	800,236	\$	859,508	\$	59,272		7%					
Management of Companies and Enterprises	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	N/A						
Manufacturing	\$	14,013,811	\$	689,818	\$	(13,323,993)		-95%					
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$	1,345	\$	-	\$	(1,345)		-100%					
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$	1,173,255	\$	1,148,755	\$	(24,500)		-2%					
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$	301,778	\$	1,014,371	\$	712,593		236%					
Public Administration	\$	-	\$	14,481	\$	14,481	N/A						
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$	798,678	\$	707,872	\$	(90,806)		-11%					
Retail Trade	\$	4,459,867	\$	4,701,814	\$	241,948		5%					
Transportation and Warehousing	\$	62,934	\$	79,690	\$	16,755		27%					
Unclassified Establishments	\$	673,822	\$	597,845	\$	(75,977)		-11%					
Utilities	\$	869,994	\$	1,085,077	\$	215,082		25%					
Wholesale Trade	\$	481,537	\$	597,898	\$	116,361		24%					
All Industries	\$	33,652,728	\$	27,641,469	\$	(6,011,258)		-18%					
Source: NM TRD - Monthly Local Government Distribution Reports (RP-500) a	nd EDD Ca	lculations											

Table 1 shows that Catron County experienced an 18% decline in MTGR YOY. The largest decline came from the manufacturing industry, which posted a YOY decrease of \$13.3M. The construction industry recorded the largest growth of \$5.2M YOY.

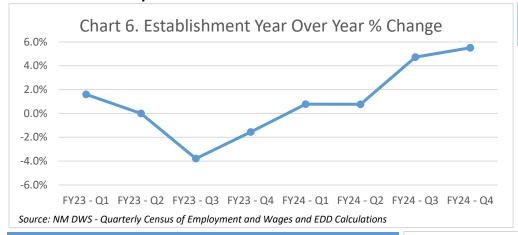
Quarterly gross receipts tax (GRT) collections during Q1 FY25 (\$417K), as seen in Chart 4, show an increase of 105.5%, or \$214K, compared to Q4 FY24. Total employment and average weekly wages increased YOY in Q4 FY24 (Chart 5). Employment grew by 4.6%, or 31, YOY, while average weekly wages rose by 3.3%, or \$27, YOY.





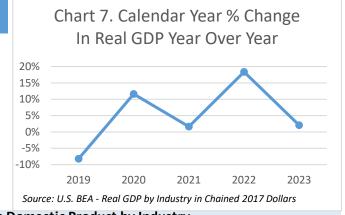






An **establishment**, as defined by the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) and referenced in Chart 6, is an economic unit, such as a farm, factory, or store, located at a single physical address and engaged in one type of economic activity.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) measures the value of all goods and services produced within a specific area. Changes in GDP from one period to another are important indicators of how the economy is performing. Chart 7 illustrates the YOY percentage change in real GDP for calendar years. Table 2 below details the percentage contribution of each industry to the total GDP for a specific county and how each industry's GDP changed compared to the previous calendar year.



Industry		2023	Industry % of Total	2022-2023 Growth	YOY % Change	
Accommodation and Food Services	*		*	*	*	
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	*		*	*	*	
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$	17,775,000	15.96%	\$ 1,650,000		10%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	*		*	*	*	
Construction	\$	1,349,000	1.21%	\$ (32,000)		-2%
Educational Services	\$	286,000	0.26%	\$ 2,000		1%
Finance and Insurance	*		*	*	*	
Health Care and Social Assistance	*		*	*	*	
Information	*		*	*	*	
Management of Companies and Enterprises	*		*	*	*	
Manufacturing	\$	3,346,000	3.00%	\$ (121,000)		-3%
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$	100,000	0.09%	\$ 13,000		15%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	*		*	*	*	
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$	1,557,000	1.40%	*	*	
Public Administration	\$	38,713,000	34.76%	\$ 1,834,000		5%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$	24,369,000	21.88%	\$ 834,000		4%
Retail Trade	\$	3,301,000	2.96%	\$ 250,000		8%
Transportation and Warehousing	*		*	*	*	
Utilities	\$	8,143,000	7.31%	\$ 692,000		9%
Wholesale Trade	*		*	*	*	
All Industries	\$	111,376,000		\$ 2,258,000		2%

^{*}Not shown to avoid disclosure of confidential information

Source: U.S. BEA - Real GDP by Industry in Chained 2017 Dollars

⁻This historical look at GDP data represents the most recent county GDP data available



Population

3,635

Source: U.S. Census Bureau - American Community Survey (ACS) 2022, 5-year estimates

