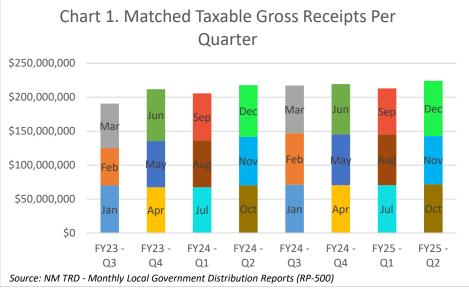
Quarterly Economic Summary Grant County Released: April 2025



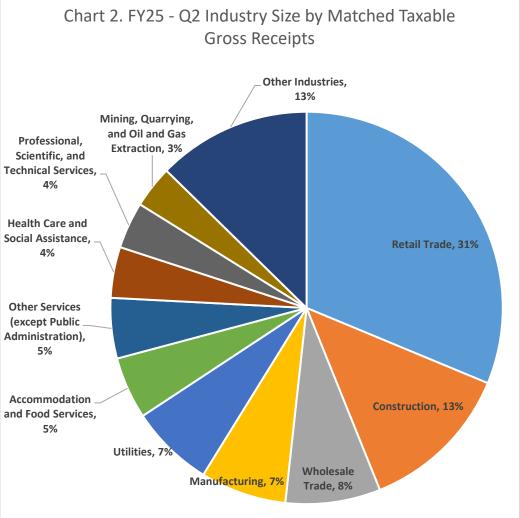


Prepared by: Daye Kwon, Economist

In the second quarter of FY25, 22 out of 33 counties reported positive yearover-year (YOY) economic growth compared to Q2 FY24, with a statewide 5.3% increase in matched taxable gross receipts (MTGR). Statewide growth was observed across most industry sectors, with professional, scientific, and technical services and other services leading the way. Employment, wages, and the number of establishments also increased YOY in New Mexico.

Grant County's MTGR increased by nearly \$11.3M, or 5.3%, from Q1 FY25 to Q2 FY25, as seen in Chart 1. The amount reported during Q2 FY25 (\$224.2M) was \$11.7M higher than the eightquarter average (\$212.5M). Chart 2 shows that the largest industry as а percentage of MTGR was retail trade (31%), followed by construction (13%), the same as in the prior quarter. Table 1 on page 2 shows that Grant County's MTGR grew 3% YOY.

Matched Taxable Gross Receipts (MTGR) provide the most accurate tax data for assessing underlying economic activity. The data collection process involves matching tax payments with reported receipts for each taxpayer by industry.



Source: NM TRD - Monthly Local Government Distribution Reports (RP-500)

SOURCE LINKS: <u>NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT</u> (NM TRD), <u>NEW</u> <u>MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS</u> (NM DWS), <u>U.S. BUREAU</u> OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS (BEA), <u>U.S. CENSUS BUREAU</u>

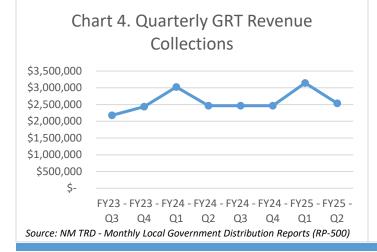
Quarterly Economic Summary Grant County



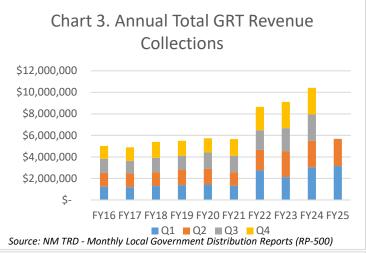
| Industries | | FY24 - Q2 | • | FY25 - Q2 | • | Growth | Year over year Change | |
|---|------------------------|--------------------------------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|-----------------------|------|
| Accommodation and Food Services | \$ | 10,957,117 | \$ | 11,453,734 | \$ | 496,616 | | 5% |
| Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation | \$ | 4,463,180 | \$ | 5,457,976 | \$ | 994,796 | | 22% |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting | \$ | 469,374 | \$ | 372,567 | \$ | (96,806) | | -21% |
| Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation | \$ | 223,718 | \$ | 239,791 | \$ | 16,073 | | 7% |
| Construction | \$ | 27,254,599 | \$ | 28,308,764 | \$ | 1,054,165 | | 4% |
| Educational Services | \$ | 434,923 | \$ | 440,416 | \$ | 5,494 | | 1% |
| Finance and Insurance | \$ | 806,555 | \$ | 857,533 | \$ | 50,979 | | 6% |
| Health Care and Social Assistance | \$ | 9,178,877 | \$ | 9,385,083 | \$ | 206,206 | | 2% |
| Information | \$ | 5,803,258 | \$ | 6,938,923 | \$ | 1,135,665 | | 20% |
| Management of Companies and Enterprises | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | N/A | |
| Manufacturing | \$ | 19,703,366 | \$ | 15,882,358 | \$ | (3,821,008) | | -19% |
| Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction | \$ | 2,759,385 | \$ | 7,799,796 | \$ | 5,040,411 | | 183% |
| Other Services (except Public Administration) | \$ | 11,266,309 | \$ | 11,153,654 | \$ | (112,655) | | -1% |
| Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services | \$ | 7,211,362 | \$ | 8,594,394 | \$ | 1,383,032 | | 19% |
| Public Administration | \$ | 171,981 | \$ | 6,937 | \$ | (165,044) | | -96% |
| Real Estate and Rental and Leasing | \$ | 3,032,231 | \$ | 2,940,416 | \$ | (91,814) | | -3% |
| Retail Trade | \$ | 72,360,716 | \$ | 70,000,449 | \$ | (2,360,267) | | -3% |
| Transportation and Warehousing | \$ | 3,615,756 | \$ | 7,541,656 | \$ | 3,925,900 | | 109% |
| Unclassified Establishments | \$ | 3,152,742 | \$ | 3,555,551 | \$ | 402,808 | | 13% |
| Utilities | \$ | 14,825,413 | \$ | 15,449,093 | \$ | 623,679 | | 4% |
| Wholesale Trade | \$ | 20,060,970 | \$ | 17,534,329 | \$ | (2,526,641) | | -13% |
| All Industries Source: NM TRD - Monthly Local Government Distribution Reports (RP-500) a | \$ nd EDD Ca | 217,872,605 <i>Iculations</i> | \$ | 224,244,430 | \$ | 6,371,825 | | 3% |

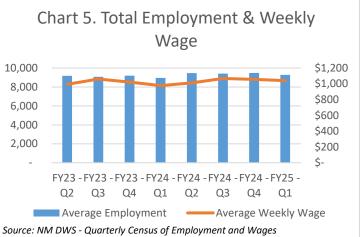
The largest contributor to this growth was mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction, with a YOY gain of just over \$5M. The manufacturing industry saw the largest decline, with a YOY decrease of \$3.8M.

Quarterly gross receipts tax (GRT) collections during Q2 FY25 (\$2.5M), as seen in Chart 4, show a decrease of nearly \$610K, or 19.4%, compared to Q1 FY25. This declining trend in Q2, following an increase in Q1, was also observed last year. In Q1 FY25, both employment and average weekly wages grew by 3.6% and 6.4% YOY, respectively (Chart 5), while establishments decreased by 0.5% YOY (Chart 6 on page 3).



SOURCE LINKS: <u>NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT</u> (NM TRD), <u>NEW</u> <u>MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS (NM DWS), U.S. BUREAU</u> <u>OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS (BEA), U.S. CENSUS BUREAU</u>

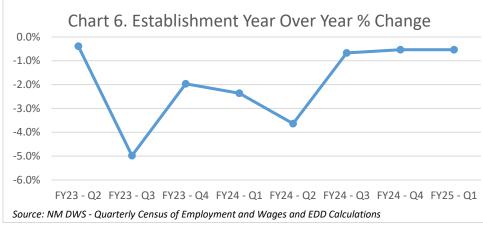




2

Quarterly Economic Summary Grant County





An **establishment**, as defined by the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) and referenced in Chart 6, is an economic unit, such as a farm, factory, or store, located at a single physical address and engaged in one type of economic activity.

The **Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW)**, used in Charts 5-6 and Table 2, produces comprehensive data on the number of establishments, monthly employment, and quarterly wages for workers covered by state unemployment insurance (UI) laws and federal workers covered by the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program. These data are aggregated to many different levels, starting at the 6-digit NAICS industry level, to higher industry levels (NAICS industry groups, sectors, and supersectors), and to higher geographic levels (MSA, state, and national).

Data are based on information reported by New Mexico employers, covering 97% of nonfarm wage and salary workers. Data are published every quarter. Considered the gold standard for its reliability of industry data, the QCEW data are the most complete universe of monthly employment and quarterly wage information by detailed industry.

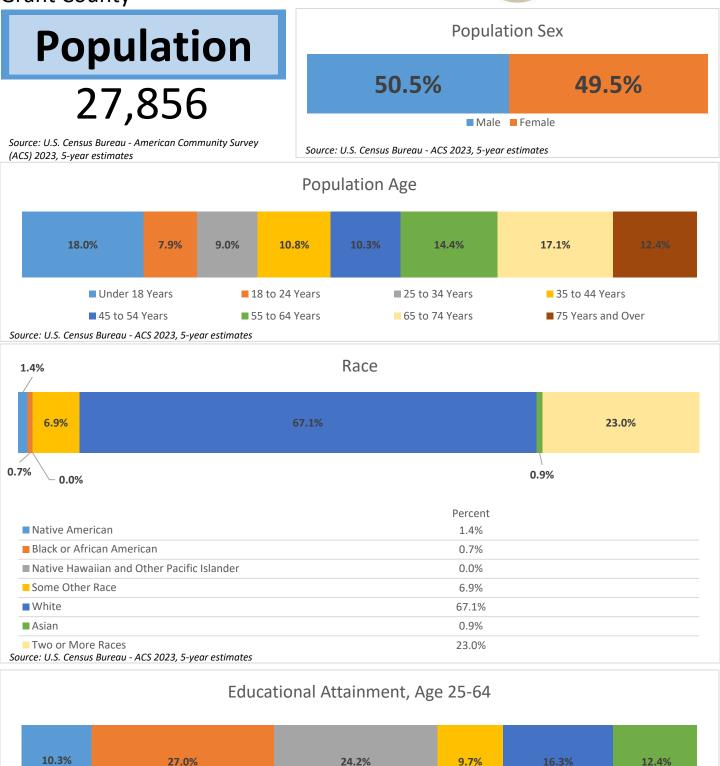
| Table 2. F125 - 0 | | | | | | • | | | |
|--|------------|--------------------------|---------------|----|-------|--------------------------|-------|----------------|---------------|
| | Average | YOY Change in Average | | | | YOY change in Average | | Number of | YOY Change in |
| Industry | | Employ | | | • | • | | Establishments | • |
| • | Employment | | | | | | - | | 1 1 |
| Accommodation and Food Services | 798 | | -1.5% | \$ | 381 | | -1.0% | 64 | -7.2% |
| Administrative/Support & Waste | | | | | | | | | |
| Management/Remediation | 947 | | <u>3</u> 4.7% | | 1,158 | | -8.5% | | -3.1% |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting | 48 | | -5.9% | \$ | 831 | | 9.1% | 16 | 0.0% |
| Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation | 55 | | 5.8% | \$ | 610 | | 3.0% | 8 | 0.0% |
| Construction | 449 | | 0.4% | \$ | 988 | | 11.6% | 66 | 4.8% |
| Educational Services | 1,159 | | 4.2% | \$ | 972 | | 10.0% | 13 | 0.0% |
| Finance and Insurance | 146 | | 2.1% | \$ | 972 | | 6.8% | 39 | 5.4% |
| Health Care and Social Assistance | 1,702 | | -0.8% | \$ | 1,052 | | 7.3% | 132 | -5.0% |
| Information | 112 | | 1.8% | \$ | 1,184 | | 4.3% | 19 | 5.6% |
| Management of Companies and Enterprises | 93 | | 12.0% | \$ | 1,556 | | 21.4% | 5 | 0.0% |
| Manufacturing | 100 | | 2.0% | \$ | 536 | | 11.4% | 17 | 0.0% |
| Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction | 1,215 | | 4.4% | \$ | 1,709 | | 2.8% | 9 | 12.5% |
| Other Services (except Public Administration) | 278 | | 30.5% | \$ | 807 | | 13.3% | 56 | 5.7% |
| Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services | 153 | | -9.5% | \$ | 897 | | -7.7% | 57 | 7.5% |
| Public Administration | 583 | | -0.2% | \$ | 1,516 | | 14.0% | 39 | -2.5% |
| Real Estate and Rental and Leasing | 87 | | 10.1% | \$ | 634 | | -2.5% | 28 | -6.7% |
| Retail Trade | 1,073 | | -3.6% | \$ | 594 | | 5.3% | 82 | 0.0% |
| Transportation and Warehousing | 110 | | -6.0% | \$ | 905 | | 11.5% | 21 | -12.5% |
| Utilities | 88 | | -21.4% | \$ | 1,429 | | 38.5% | 15 | 0.0% |
| Wholesale Trade | 82 | | 0.0% | \$ | 1,366 | | 14.3% | 24 | 4.3% |
| All Industries | 9,280 | | 3.6% | \$ | 1,041 | | 6.4% | 741 | -0.5% |

Table 2. FY25 - Q1 Employment Data and Establishments by Industry

Source: NM DWS - Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages and EDD Calculations *Some data may be withheld to avoid disclosure of confidential information.

Quarterly Economic Summary Grant County





High School Graduate

Bachelor's Degree

SOURCE LINKS: <u>NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT</u> (NM TRD), <u>NEW</u> <u>MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS</u> (<u>N</u>M DWS), <u>U.S. BUREAU</u> <u>OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS</u> (BEA), <u>U.S. CENSUS BUREAU</u>

No High School Diploma

Associate's Degree

Source: U.S. Census Bureau - ACS 2023, 5-year estimates

Some College, No Degree

Postgraduate Degree