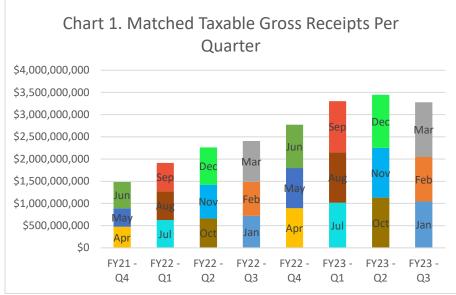
Released: June 2023

Prepared by: Joel Salas, Economist; Ryan Eustice, Economist





In the third quarter of FY23, 26 of 33 counties saw year-over-year economic growth, averaging 12% growth statewide in matched taxable gross receipts. State gross receipts decreased from the second quarter of FY23. This, however, follows the seasonal trend that the state has experienced historically in Q3. As growth in New Mexico continues, national concerns remain regarding inflation and rising interest rates while labor markets continue to adjust post pandemic.

County's matched Lea taxable gross receipts (MTGR) declined in Q3 FY23 the time after first quarter-overexperiencing growth for nine quarter consecutive quarters. From Q2 FY23 to Q3 FY23 MTGR declined bγ \$170.5M nearly 5%. Over the last nine quarters **MTGR** has averaged \$2.3B or \$900M than the reported amount in Q3 FY23 (\$3.2B). Table 1, on the next page, shows an increase \$872.7M from Q3 in FY22

Matched Taxable Gross Receipts (MTGR) are the best tax data available to show underlying economic activity. The data collection process matches a tax payment with reported receipts for each taxpayer by industry.

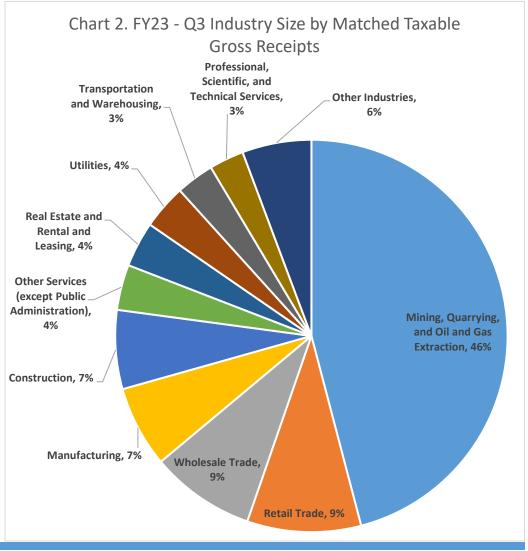
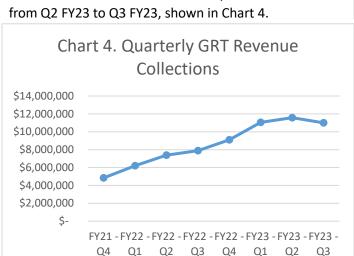
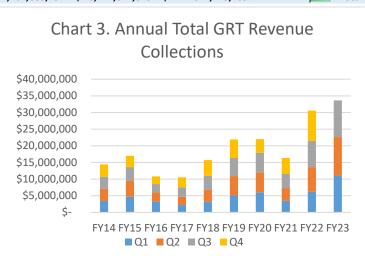


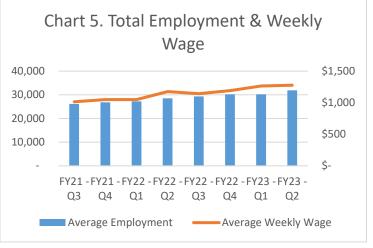


Table 1. Matched Taxable Gross Receipts by Industry											
Industries		FY22 - Q3 FY23 - Q3			Growth	Year over year Change					
Accommodation and Food Services	\$	40,544,169	\$	50,325,129	\$	9,780,960			24%		
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	\$	30,466,030	\$	43,207,411	\$	12,741,382			42%		
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$	875,818	\$	5,461,971	\$	4,586,154			524%		
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	\$	2,082,602	\$	3,754,692	\$	1,672,090			80%		
Construction	\$	220,921,887	\$	213,152,179	\$	(7,769,707)			-4%		
Educational Services	\$	437,026	\$	494,640	\$	57,614			13%		
Finance and Insurance	\$	3,378,164	\$	3,023,294	\$	(354,870)			-11%		
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$	31,361,307	\$	28,302,015	\$	(3,059,292)			-10%		
Information	\$	17,574,254	\$	18,647,103	\$	1,072,849			6%		
Management of Companies and Enterprises	\$	-	\$	335,132	\$	335,132	N/A				
Manufacturing	\$	176,551,639	\$	219,618,192	\$	43,066,553			24%		
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$	948,650,476	\$	1,504,537,811	\$	555,887,335			59%		
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$	100,798,861	\$	122,567,095	\$	21,768,234			22%		
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$	92,202,727	\$	93,629,653	\$	1,426,925			2%		
Public Administration	\$	125,953	\$	998,854	\$	872,901			693%		
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$	79,275,925	\$	122,511,083	\$	43,235,158			55%		
Retail Trade	\$	248,454,909	\$	307,440,066	\$	58,985,157			24%		
Transportation and Warehousing	\$	54,119,693	\$	102,957,367	\$	48,837,674			90%		
Unclassified Establishments	\$	29,744,641	\$	32,319,185	\$	2,574,545			9%		
Utilities	\$	101,719,851	\$	120,819,742	\$	19,099,891			19%		
Wholesale Trade	\$	225,565,642	\$	282,607,378	\$	57,041,735			25%		
All Industries	\$	2,404,889,257	\$	3,277,614,545	\$	872,725,289			36%		

to FY23 of the same period. Table 1 also shows that three industries reported a year-over-year (YOY) loss. The largest decline came from the construction industry, which posted a YOY decline of \$7.8M or 4%. The largest increase came from the oil and gas industry, which reported a \$556M or 59% YOY increase. The oil and gas industry accounted for 64% of the county's total YOY increase. The second largest increase came from the retail trade industry, which posted a YOY growth of \$59M or 24%. Gross receipts tax (GRT) revenue collections decreased by \$575K, or 5%, from Q2 FY23 to Q3 FY23, shown in Chart 4.











An **establishment**, as used in the QCEW and subsequently Chart 6 and Table 2, is an economic unit, such as a farm, factory, or store, which produces goods or provides services at a single physical worksite and is engaged, predominantly, in one type of economic activity.

The **Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages**, or the **QCEW**, used in Charts 5-6 and Table 2, produces comprehensive data on the number of establishments, monthly employment and quarterly wages for workers covered by state unemployment insurance (UI) laws and federal workers covered by the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program. These data are aggregated to many different levels, starting at the 6-digit NAICS industry level, to higher industry levels (NAICS industry groups, sectors, and supersectors), and to higher geographic levels (MSA, state and national).

Data are based on information reported by New Mexico employers, covering 97% of nonfarm wage and salary workers. Data are published every quarter. Considered the gold standard for its reliability of industry data, the QCEW data are the most complete universe of monthly employment and quarterly wage information by detailed industry.

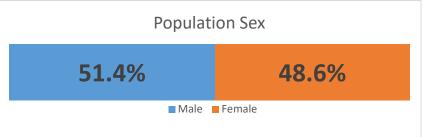
Table 2. FY23 - Q2 Employment Data and Establishments by Industry											
	YOY Change in		n		YOY Cha	ange in					
	Average	Average		Average	Average		Number of YOY Chang		ange in		
Industry	Employment	Employment		Weekly Wage	Weekly Wage		Establishments Establishn		hments		
Accommodation and Food Services	3,514	12.4	%	\$ 442		-3.1%	171		1.8%		
Administrative/Support & Waste											
Management/Remediation	1,470	-0.4	%	\$ 982		1.0%	93		0.0%		
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	398	3.9	%	\$ 1,142		40.1%	36		-2.7%		
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	247	-16.3	%	\$ 670		13.2%	20		5.3%		
Construction	2,903	2.3	%	\$ 1,449		1.8%	193		-1.5%		
Educational Services	2,679	36.1	%	\$ 1,003		4.6%	14		0.0%		
Finance and Insurance	640	0.2	%	\$ 1,568		25.1%	158		0.0%		
Health Care and Social Assistance	2,662	1.4	%	\$ 956		1.2%	161		-0.6%		
Information	199	3.1	%	\$ 1,103		0.3%	25		8.7%		
Management of Companies and Enterprises	164	-1.2	%	\$ 1,802		-6.6%	11		0.0%		
Manufacturing	534	-0.4	%	\$ 1,904		8.7%	35		0.0%		
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	7,377	5.2	%	\$ 1,838		-2.6%	358		-0.6%		
Other Services (except Public Administration)	627	-2.8	%	\$ 1,047		-0.7%	119		-3.3%		
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	787	6.6	%	\$ 1,225		2.9%	145		1.4%		
Public Administration	917	0.1	%	\$ 1,346		-1.5%	63		0.0%		
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	489	2.9	%	\$ 1,684		20.5%	91		-2.2%		
Retail Trade	3,128	2.3	%	\$ 741		0.0%	213		0.5%		
Transportation and Warehousing	1,823	2.6	%	\$ 1,736		-0.6%	197		-2.0%		
Utilities	475	1.1	%	\$ 2,051		23.5%	28		0.0%		
Wholesale Trade	866	0.6	%	\$ 1,670		10.5%	113		0.9%		
All Industries	31,899	5.6	%	\$ 1,277		0.9%	2,244		-0.3%		
*Some data may be withheld to avoid disclosure of confidential information.											

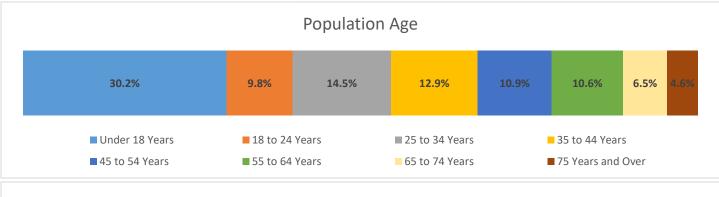
SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS

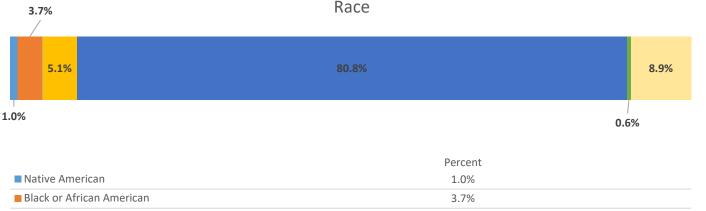


## **Population**

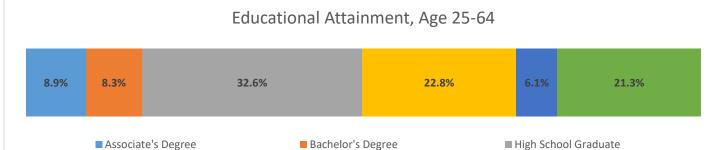
70,359











■ Postgraduate Degree

Page 4 Source: JobsEQ - American Community Survey 2016-2020, unless noted otherwise

■ No High School Diploma

■ Some College, No Degree