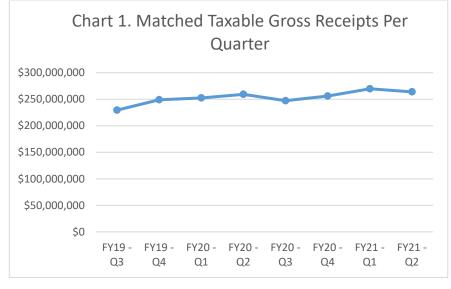
Quarterly Economic Summary Otero County



Released: March 2021

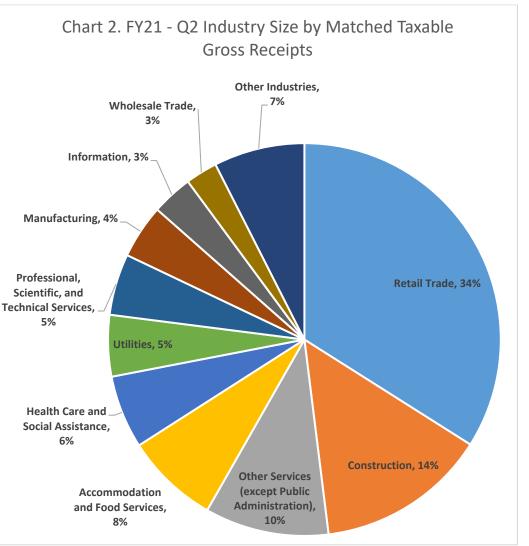
Prepared by: Joel Salas, Economist, and Ryan Eustice, Economist



New Mexico suffered another challenging quarter in Q2 FY20 compared to the previous year. The effects of the pandemic weighed heavily on business and consumer activity, and 18 of the 33 counties saw declines in year-over-year gross receipts tax revenue. Of the 15 with positive growth, several only experienced increases due to large construction projects. A new Public Health Order, which took effect on November 16, required many businesses to curb retail activities again to address the surge in COVID-19 cases.

Otero County saw its matched taxable gross receipts (MTGR) trend upward over the last eight quarters, shown in Chart 1. Despite this upward trend, MTGR from Q1 FY21 to Q2 FY21 fell by 2% or \$5.7M. The amount reported during Q2 FY21 is the second highest dating back to Q1 FY18. Table 1, on the next shows an increase page, of \$4.7M from Q2 in FY20 to FY21 of the same period. The largest contributor to this year-overyear (YOY) increase

Matched Taxable Gross Receipts (MTGR) are the best tax data available to show underlying economic activity. The data collection process matches a tax payment with reported receipts for each taxpayer by industry.



SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS

Quarterly Economic Summary Otero County

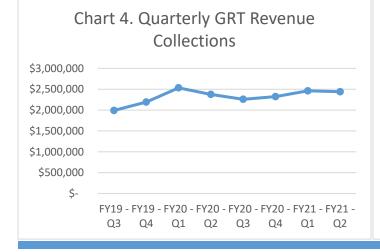


Table 1. Matched Taxable G	Gross Receipts by Industry
----------------------------	----------------------------

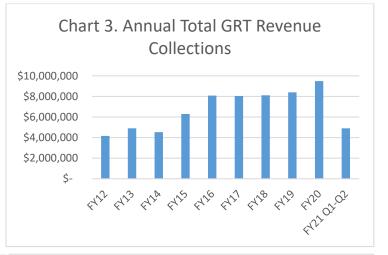
Industries	FY20 - Q2	FY21 - Q2	Growth	Year over	ear Change
Accommodation and Food Services	\$ 20,167,046	\$ 20,318,210	\$ 151,163		1%
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	\$ 5,164,558	\$ 3,795,802	\$ (1,368,755)		-27%
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$ 1,408,120	\$ 1,478,135	\$ 70,014		5%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	\$ 635,618	\$ 404,207	\$ (231,412)		-36%
Construction	\$ 42,568,892	\$ 37,075,916	\$ (5,492,975)		-13%
Educational Services	\$ 4,369,801	\$ 2,717,075	\$ (1,652,727)		-38%
Finance and Insurance	\$ 1,036,713	\$ 944,142	\$ (92,571)		-9%
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$ 13,027,588	\$ 15,893,255	\$ 2,865,667		22%
Information	\$ 16,787,156	\$ 8,909,105	\$ (7,878,051)		-47%
Management of Companies and Enterprises	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	N/A	
Manufacturing	\$ 3,437,925	\$ 11,718,135	\$ 8,280,210		241%
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$ 55,135	\$ 233,806	\$ 178,671		324%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$ 32,497,823	\$ 26,934,623	\$ (5,563,200)		-17%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$ 9,798,568	\$ 13,320,273	\$ 3,521,705		36%
Public Administration	\$ 155,165	\$ 545,630	\$ 390,466		252%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$ 6,010,235	\$ 6,490,693	\$ 480,458		8%
Retail Trade	\$ 79,947,654	\$ 89,647,222	\$ 9,699,568		12%
Transportation and Warehousing	\$ 689,783	\$ 799,399	\$ 109,616		16%
Unclassified Establishments	\$ 1,091,951	\$ 2,324,987	\$ 1,233,037		113%
Utilities	\$ 12,548,798	\$ 13,343,806	\$ 795,008		6%
Wholesale Trade	\$ 7,345,739	\$ 6,940,812	\$ (404,926)		-6%
All Industries	\$ 259,295,901	\$ 263,955,690	\$ 4,659,788		2%

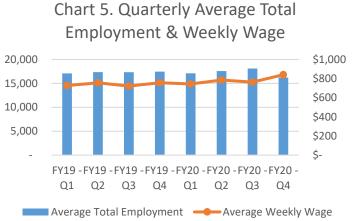
came from the retail trade industry. This industry saw a YOY increase of \$9.7M or 12%. The largest decrease was reported bv the information industry, which decreased by \$7.9M, or 47%, when comparing the two time periods.

Gross receipts tax (GRT) revenue collections declined by less than 1% from Q1 FY21 to Q2 FY21, shown in Chart 4. Chart 5 shows an increase in the average weekly wage while quarterly employment decreased during Q4 of FY20. This increase in the average weekly wage is likely due to the loss of lower wage workers.



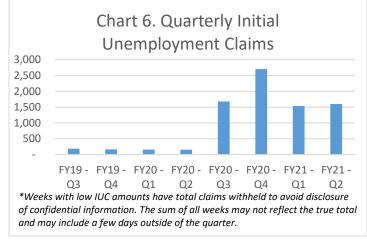
SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS





Quarterly Economic Summary Otero County





Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is the value of all goods and services produced in an area. The percentage that GDP grew (or shrank) from one period to another is an important indicator as to how the economy is performing. Table 2, below, shows the percentage of GDP each industry accounts for in the total GDP, in a specific county and the state. The chart also compares the county to the entire state of New Mexico, by showing the impact of specific industry sectors on the county's GDP compared to that of the whole state. А significant unexplained increase in initial unemployment claims can be an early indicator of an economic downturn. Examples include seasonal job fluctuations, federal government shutdowns resulting in employee furloughs, or the closing of a major regional facility. The current unprecedented uptick in initial unemployment claims is tied directly to the COVID-19 pandemic and subsequent furloughs and layoffs by affected businesses. As we continue into 2021, it is likely the number of initial unemployment claims will vary based on the effects of the pandemic, and it is impossible to predict how quickly employment numbers will return to pre-COVID-19 levels.



Table 2. Calendar Year 2019 Real County GDP and Real State GDP % of Total GDP

Industries	Otero County	New Mexico	Difference Between County and State
Accommodation and Food Services	1.56%	2.92%	-1.37%
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	2.78%	2.55%	0.23%
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	0.61%	2.25%	-1.64%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	0.15%	0.69%	-0.55%
Construction	2.17%	3.12%	-0.95%
Educational Services	0.77%	0.51%	0.26%
Finance and Insurance	1.03%	2.62%	-1.59%
Health Care and Social Assistance	6.95%	7.15%	-0.20%
Information	1.64%	2.82%	-1.19%
Management of Companies and Enterprises	0.23%	0.64%	-0.42%
Manufacturing	0.20%	4.79%	-4.59%
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	0.22%	17.38%	-17.16%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1.53%	1.94%	-0.42%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	2.14%	7.33%	-5.20%
Public Administration	58.98%	20.81%	38.17%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	12.67%	11.65%	1.03%
Retail Trade	4.31%	5.57%	-1.26%
Transportation and Warehousing	1.21%	2.40%	-1.18%
Utilities	0.41%	1.47%	-1.06%
Wholesale Trade	0.52%	3.06%	-2.54%
*Not shown to avoid disclosure of confidential information			

SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS