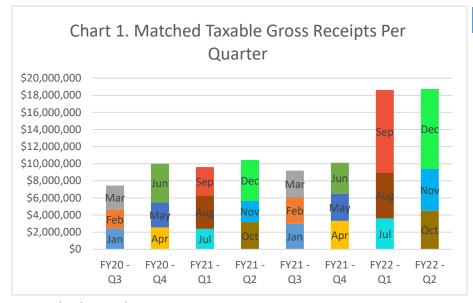
## Quarterly Economic Summary

**Mora County** 

Released: March 2022



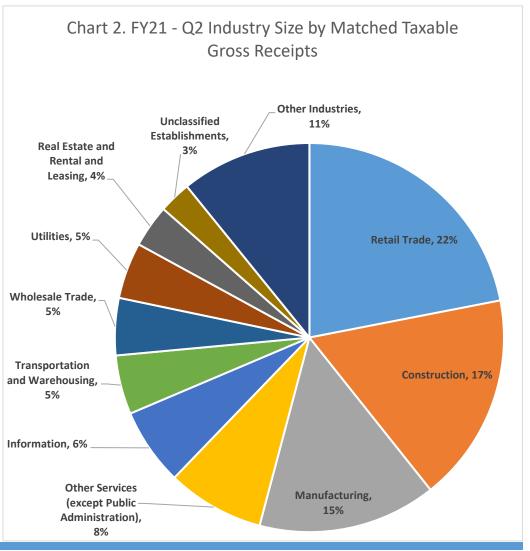
Prepared by: Joel Salas, Economist; Ryan Eustice, Economist



Thirty of 33 counties saw significant year-over-year economic growth in the second quarter of FY22. Growth was also broad across industry sectors, with arts, entertainment and recreation leading the growth in gross receipts, up 143% over the year. COVID-19 continues to disrupt some supply chains, and rising inflation poses a risk of slower national economic growth; however, the immediate outlook is for continued strong growth in New Mexico. Additionally, any inflationary impacts will serve to boost gross receipts and related revenues.

Over the last eight quarters, matched taxable gross receipts (MTGR) have reported quarterly average of \$11.7M, this is \$7M lower than the amount reported for Q2 FY22 (\$18.7M). This is the largest amount reported in Mora County's history. From Q1 FY22 to Q2 FY22, **MTGR** increased by \$115K or 1%. During Q2, the month December reported the largest amount of MTGR for quarter, representing 50% of the total quarterly MTGR.

Matched Taxable Gross
Receipts (MTGR) are the
best tax data available to
show underlying economic
activity. The data
collection process matches
a tax payment with
reported receipts for each
taxpayer by industry.



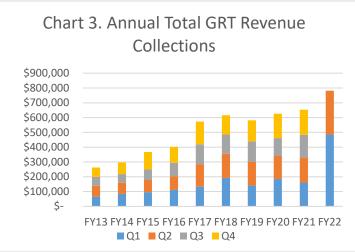
## Quarterly Economic Summary Mora County

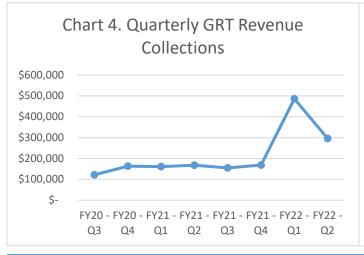


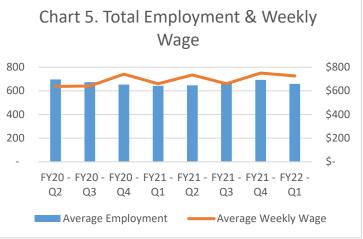
Table 1. FY22 - Q2 Matched Taxable Gross Receipts by Industry													
Industries		FY22 - Q2		YOY Growth	YOY % Change		2-Year % Change						
Accommodation and Food Services	\$	294,968	\$	198,334		205%		169%					
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	\$	431,384	\$	37,154		9%		41%					
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$	468,741	\$	(222,293)		-32%		74%					
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	\$	6,005	\$	6,005	N/A			2035%					
Construction	\$	3,170,366	\$	1,708,375		117%		15%					
Educational Services	\$	20,263	\$	(5,111)		-20%		-29%					
Finance and Insurance	\$	25,026	\$	21,913		704%	N/A						
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$	442,757	\$	360,600		439%		587%					
Information	\$	1,170,803	\$	249,514		27%		31%					
Management of Companies and Enterprises	\$	-	\$	-	N/A		N/A						
Manufacturing	\$	2,705,972	\$	2,547,694		1610%		2552%					
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$	-	\$	-	N/A		N/A						
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$	1,474,996	\$	908,526		160%		178%					
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$	289,570	\$	(100,519)		-26%		7%					
Public Administration	\$	-	\$	-	N/A		N/A						
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$	645,516	\$	159,111		33%		47%					
Retail Trade	\$	4,005,612	\$	1,060,264		36%		116%					
Transportation and Warehousing	\$	896,777	\$	278,579		45%		259%					
Unclassified Establishments	\$	487,614	\$	307,347		170%		411%					
Utilities	\$	853,947	\$	(52,072)		-6%		3%					
Wholesale Trade	\$	867,209	\$	462,428		114%		111%					
All Industries	\$	18,745,247	\$	8,315,928		80%		96%					

The largest contributor to Mora County's MTGR was the retail trade industry, shown in Chart 2 on page 1. Table 1 shows an increase of \$8.3M from Q2 in FY21 to FY22 of the same period. Table 1 also shows 13 industries that reported a year-over-year (YOY) increase. The largest contributor to this increase was the manufacturing sector, which reported a YOY increase of \$2.5M or 1,610%.

In Chart 3, the total amount of annual gross receipts tax (GRT) collections for YTD FY22 (\$782K) is at 120% of the total that was collected during the previous fiscal year.



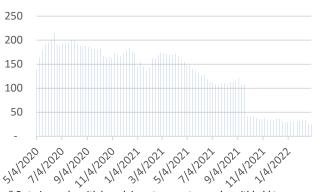




## Quarterly Economic Summary Mora County







<sup>\*</sup> Data in weeks with low claiment amounts may be withheld to avoid disclosure of confidential information

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is the value of all goods and services produced in an area. The percentage that GDP grew (or shrank) from one period to another is an important indicator as to how the economy is performing. Table 2, below, shows the percentage of GDP each industry accounts for in the total GDP, in a specific county and the state. The chart also compares the county to the entire state of New Mexico, by showing the impact of specific industry sectors on the county's GDP compared to that of the whole state.

Data in Chart 6 includes claimants receiving payment for standard unemployment insurance, pandemic unemployment assistance, pandemic emergency unemployment assistance, extended benefits, and trade readjustment allowances. Data are unofficial and subject to change. Extended Federal Unemployment Insurance benefits ended September 4th, 2021. This explains the decrease in the number of claimants shortly after this date. Data can be considered a three-week average.



Industry		2020	Industry % of Total	2019-2020 Growth	YOY % Change		
Accommodation and Food Services	\$	412,000	0.41%	*	*		
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	*		*	*	*		
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$	29,207,000	29.04%	\$ (3,609,000)			-11%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	*		*	*	*		
Construction	*		*	*	*		
Educational Services	*		*	*	*		
Finance and Insurance	*		*	*	*		
Health Care and Social Assistance	*		*	*	*		
Information	*		*	*	*		
Management of Companies and Enterprises	*		*	*	*		
Manufacturing	*		*	*	*		
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	*		*	*	*	_	
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$	1,869,000	1.86%	\$ (117,000)			-6%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$	193,000	0.19%	\$ (9,000)			-4%
Public Administration	\$	21,874,000	21.75%	\$ 733,000			3%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	*		*	*	*		
Retail Trade	\$	3,698,000	3.68%	\$ (73,000)		l	-2%
Transportation and Warehousing	*		*	*	*		
Utilities	\$	1,550,000	1.54%	\$ (28,000)		Į.	-2%
Wholesale Trade	*		*	*	*		
All Industries	\$	100,567,000		\$ (992,000)			-1%

<sup>\*</sup>Not shown to avoid disclosure of confidential information

<sup>\*\*</sup>This historical look at GDP data represents the most recent county GDP data available