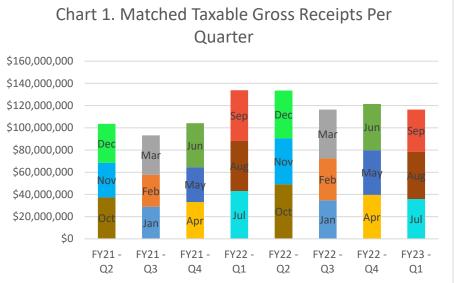


Released: January 2023

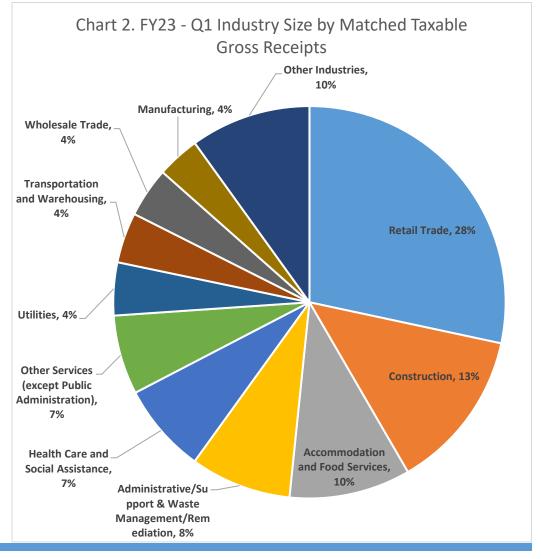
Prepared by: Joel Salas, Economist; Ryan Eustice, Economist



In the first quarter of FY23, 25 of 33 counties saw significant year-over-year economic growth. Statewide economic activity showed broad growth across most industry sectors, with oil and gas and construction leading the growth in gross receipts over the prior year. Concerns like interest rates and inflation have continued, leaving consumer confidence declining on the national level. Despite these concerns, New Mexico has had continued growth, with record-breaking gross receipts.

Cibola County's matched taxable gross receipts (MTGR) decreased by \$5.1M or just over 4% from Q4 FY21 to Q1 FY23, as seen in Chart 1. The amount of MTGR reported during Q1 FY23 (\$116M) is \$1M more than the eight-quarter average reported for Cibola County (\$115M). As seen in Chart 2, the largest industry as a percentage of MTGR the retail trade was industry, which accounted for 28% of the total MTGR during Q1 FY23.

Matched Taxable Gross Receipts (MTGR) are the best tax data available to show underlying economic activity. The data collection process matches a tax payment with reported receipts for each taxpayer by industry.



SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS

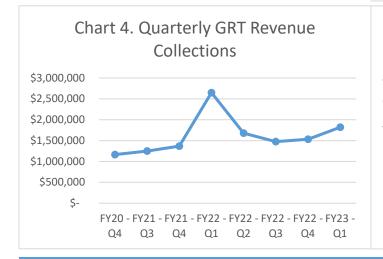


Table 1. FY23 - Q1 Matched Taxable Gross Receipts by Industry

						%Change from FY20-			
Industries	FY23 - Q1	Q1 YOY Growth YOY % Change		Q1 (Pre-COVID)					
Accommodation and Food Services	\$ 11,437,538	\$	524,522		5%		17%		
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	\$ 9,523,714	\$	(1,176,634)		-11%		-31%		
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$ (520,901)	\$	(758,952)		-319%		-239%		
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	\$ 312,774	\$	(78,822)		-20%		114%		
Construction	\$ 15,183,633	\$	(5,808,636)		-28%		1%		
Educational Services	\$ 132,240	\$	43,706		49%		505%		
Finance and Insurance	\$ 300,374	\$	151,284		101%		169%		
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$ 8,491,823	\$	(2,305,064)		-21%		-18%		
Information	\$ 3,805,061	\$	53,559		1%		-19%		
Management of Companies and Enterprises	\$ 3,550	\$	3,550	N/A		N/A			
Manufacturing	\$ 4,037,686	\$	919,033		29%		81%		
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$ 125,200	\$	(36,494)		-23%		-61%		
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$ 7,484,087	\$	(2,758,904)		-27%		-2%		
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$ 2,919,914	\$	384,136		15%		-17%		
Public Administration	\$ -	\$	-	N/A		N/A			
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$ 2,060,453	\$	(842,986)		-29%		80%		
Retail Trade	\$ 32,450,188	\$	90,051		0%		47%		
Transportation and Warehousing	\$ 4,750,004	\$	1,606,024		51%		562%		
Unclassified Establishments	\$ 1,704,359	\$	280,113		20%		1850%		
Utilities	\$ 4,989,795	\$	(9,247,350)		-65%		-10%		
Wholesale Trade	\$ 4,702,915	\$	1,193,957		34%		257%		
All Industries	\$ 116,348,742	\$	(17,510,141)		-13%		15%		

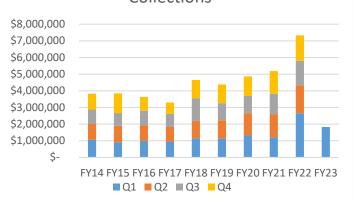
Table 1 shows that 9 industries reported a year-overyear (YOY) decrease with the largest reported decline coming from the utilities industry. The utilities industry reported a YOY decline of \$9M or 65%.

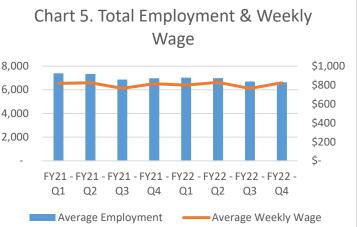
The amount of quarterly gross receipts taxes (GRT) collected during Q1 FY23 (\$1.8M) was 19% more than the amount collected during Q4 FY22 (\$1.5M), as seen in Chart 4. Despite this large quarterly increase in GRT collections, Cibola County's GRT has a steep upward trend over the last 8 quarters.



SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS

Chart 3. Annual Total GRT Revenue Collections









An **establishment**, as used in the QCEW and subsequently Chart 6 and Table 2, is an economic unit, such as a farm, factory, or store, which produces goods or provides services at a single physical worksite and engaged, predominantly, in one type of economic activity.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is the value of all goods and services produced in an area. The percentage that GDP grew (or shrank) from one period to another is an important indicator as to how the economy is performing. Table 2, below, shows the percentage of GDP each industry accounts for in the total GDP, in a specific county and the state. The chart also compares the county to the entire state of New Mexico, by showing the impact of specific industry sectors on the county's GDP compared to that of the whole state.

Chart 7. Calendar Year % Change In Real GDP Year Over Year

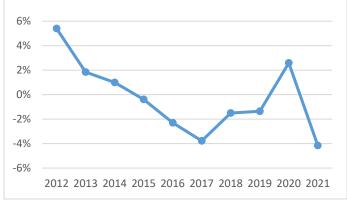
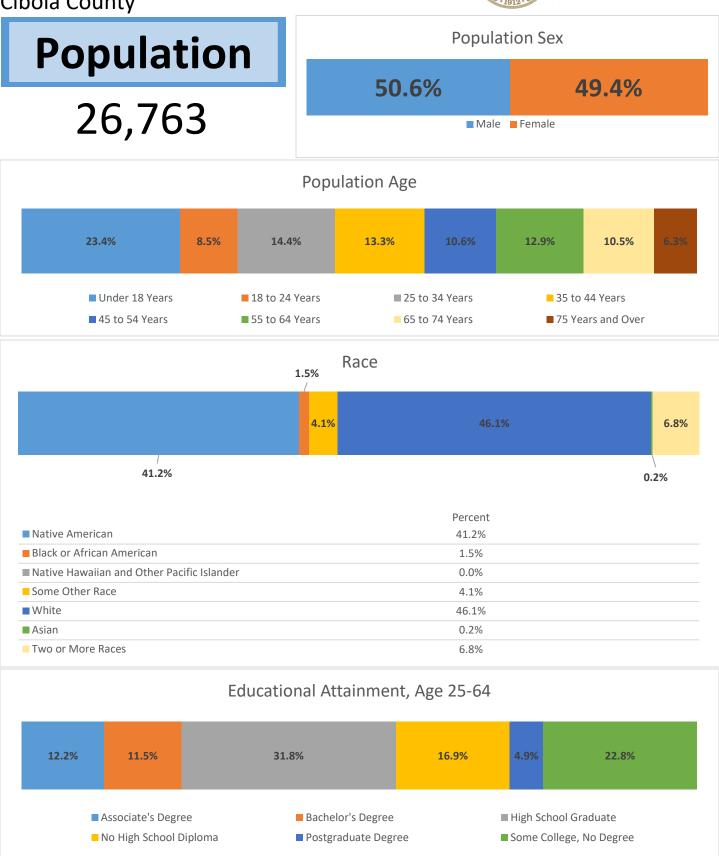


Table 2. Historical Glance: 2021 Gross Domestic Product by Industry												
Industry	20		Industry % of Total	2020-2021 Growth		YOY % Change						
Accommodation and Food Services	*		*	*		*						
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	\$	30,216,000	5.40%	\$	(1,422,000)		-4%					
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$	18,335,000	3.28%	\$	917,000		5%					
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	*		*	*		*						
Construction	\$	18,060,000	3.23%	\$	(10,161,000)		-36%					
Educational Services	*		*	*		*						
Finance and Insurance	\$	7,606,000	1.36%	\$	765,000		11%					
Health Care and Social Assistance	*		*	*		*						
Information	*		*	*		*						
Management of Companies and Enterprises	*		*	*		*						
Manufacturing	\$	3,890,000	0.69%	\$	62,000		2%					
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$	32,390,000	5.79%	\$	(3,377,000)		-9%					
Other Services (except Public Administration)	*		*	*		*						
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	*		*	*		*						
Public Administration	\$	195,841,000	34.99%	\$	(18,313,000)		-9%					
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$	60,197,000	10.75%	\$	1,666,000		3%					
Retail Trade	\$	43,206,000	7.72%	\$	350,000		1%					
Transportation and Warehousing	*		*	*		*						
Utilities	\$	7,711,000	1.38%	\$	(324,000)		-4%					
Wholesale Trade	\$	15,540,000	2.78%	\$	(297,000)		-2%					
All Industries	\$	559,748,000		\$	(24,312,000)		-4%					
*Not shown to avoid disclosure of confidential information												

-This historical look at GDP data represents the most recent county GDP data available

SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS





Page 4 Source: JobsEQ - American Community Survey 2016-2020, unless noted otherwise

SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS