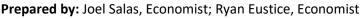
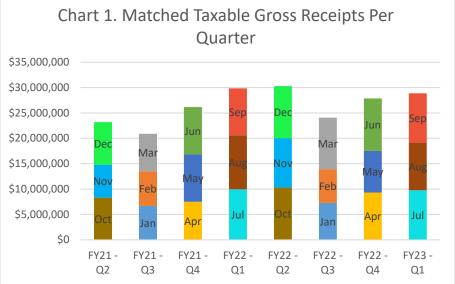


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In the first quarter of FY23, 25 of 33 counties saw significant year-over-year economic growth. Statewide economic activity showed broad growth across most industry sectors, with oil and gas and construction leading the growth in gross receipts over the prior year. Concerns like interest rates and inflation have continued, leaving consumer confidence declining on the national level. Despite these concerns, New Mexico has had continued growth, with record-breaking gross receipts.

Union County's matched taxable gross receipts (MTGR) increased by \$1M or nearly 4% from Q4 FY21 to Q1 FY23, as seen in Chart 1. The amount of MTGR reported during Q1 FY23 (\$28.8M) is \$2.4M more than the eight-quarter average reported for Union County (\$26.4M). As seen in Chart 2, the largest industry as a percentage of MTGR was the utilities industry, which accounted for 33% of the total MTGR during Q1 FY23.

Matched Taxable Gross Receipts (MTGR) are the best tax data available to show underlying economic activity. The data collection process matches a tax payment with reported receipts for each taxpayer by industry.

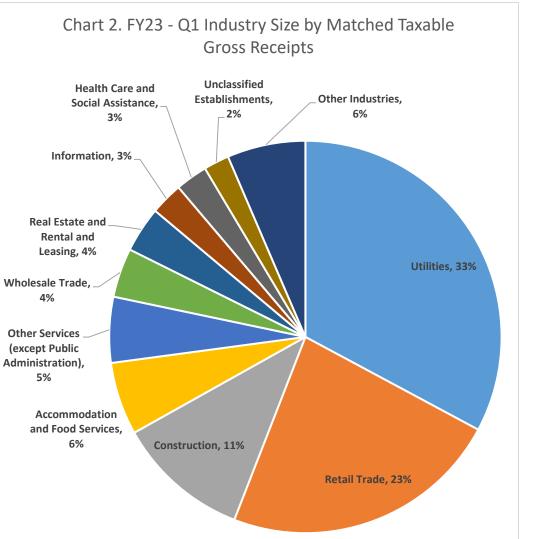


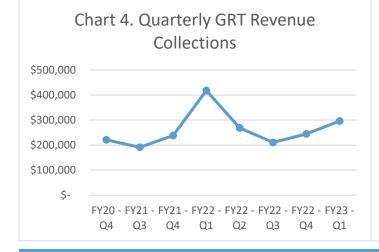


Table 1. FY23 - Q1 Matched Taxable Gross Receipts by Industry

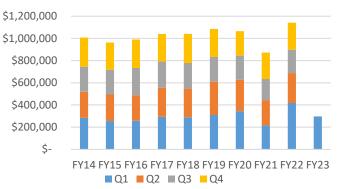
		%Change from FY20-					
Industries	FY23 - Q1	YOY Growth		YOY % Change		Q1 (Pre-COVID)	
Accommodation and Food Services	\$ 1,705,371	\$	(122,528)		-7%		7%
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	\$ 425,685	\$	60,400		17%		-84%
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$ 65,907	\$	(35,128)		-35%		-81%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	\$ 74,347	\$	2,785		4%		25%
Construction	\$ 3,120,949	\$	(2,680,483)		-46%		-31%
Educational Services	\$ 5,725	\$	297		5%		434%
Finance and Insurance	\$ 109,134	\$	27,303		33%		-51%
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$ 752,225	\$	(34,882)		-4%		-52%
Information	\$ 763,451	\$	(242,982)		-24%		-37%
Management of Companies and Enterprises	\$ -	\$	-	N/A		N/A	
Manufacturing	\$ 401,190	\$	(566,218)		-59%		-91%
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$ 120,846	\$	120,846	N/A			364885%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$ 1,541,720	\$	91,651		6%		8%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$ 584,063	\$	30,751		6%		35%
Public Administration	\$ -	\$	(451,176)		-100%	N/A	
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$ 1,071,156	\$	126,548		13%		-28%
Retail Trade	\$ 6,559,992	\$	1,595,930		32%		65%
Transportation and Warehousing	\$ 48,306	\$	(71,024)		-60%		-59%
Unclassified Establishments	\$ 597,415	\$	294,127		97%		3387%
Utilities	\$ 9,339,114	\$	485,106		5%		-7%
Wholesale Trade	\$ 1,152,825	\$	11,338		1%		1006%
All Industries	\$ 28,868,095	\$	(967,672)	l	-3%		-16%

Table 1 shows that 8 industries reported a year-overyear (YOY) decrease with the largest reported decline coming from the construction industry. The construction industry reported a YOY decline of \$2.7M or 46%. Despite this decline, the retail trade industry reported a YOY increase of \$1.6M or 32%.

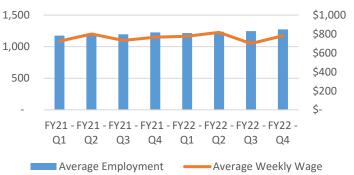
The amount of quarterly gross receipts taxes (GRT) collected during Q1 FY23 (\$296K) was 21% more than the amount collected during Q4 FY22 (\$244K), as seen in Chart 4. Despite this quarterly increase in GRT collections, Union County's GRT has remained relatively flat over the last 8 quarters.



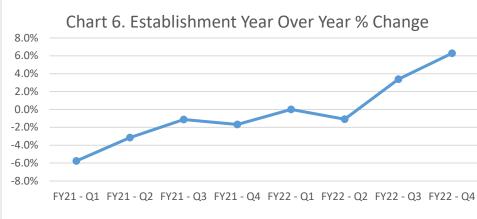












An **establishment**, as used in the QCEW and subsequently Chart 6 and Table 2, is an economic unit, such as a farm, factory, or store, which produces goods or provides services at a single physical worksite and engaged, predominantly, in one type of economic activity.

Chart 7. Calendar Year % Change In Real GDP Year Over Year



2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is the value of all goods and services produced in an area. The percentage that GDP grew (or shrank) from one period to another is an important indicator as to how the economy is performing. Table 2, below, shows the percentage of GDP each industry accounts for in the total GDP, in a specific county and the state. The chart also compares the county to the entire state of New Mexico, by showing the impact of specific industry sectors on the county's GDP compared to that of the whole state.

Table 2. Historical Glance: 2021 Gross Domestic Product by Industry

Table 2. Historical Glance	2. 202	T GLOSS DOI	•	me	Justiy			
Industry		2021	Industry % of Total	2020-2021 Growth			YOY % Change	
Accommodation and Food Services	\$	4,434,000	2.22%	\$	744,000			20%
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	*		*	*		*		
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$	33,044,000	16.54%	\$	(13,830,000)			-30%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	\$	725,000	0.36%	\$	393,000			118%
Construction	*		*	*		*		
Educational Services	\$	114,000	0.06%	\$	1,000			1%
Finance and Insurance	\$	4,227,000	2.12%	\$	44,000			1%
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$	10,624,000	5.32%	\$	1,255,000			13%
Information	\$	9,855,000	4.93%	\$	408,000			4%
Management of Companies and Enterprises	*		*	*		*		
Manufacturing	*		*	*		*		
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$	39,928,000	19.98%	\$	(13,830,000)			-26%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$	2,156,000	1.08%	\$	330,000			18%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$	3,488,000	1.75%	*		*		
Public Administration	\$	30,957,000	15.49%	\$	(860,000)			-3%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$	17,481,000	8.75%	\$	179,000			1%
Retail Trade	\$	9,060,000	4.53%	\$	615,000			7%
Transportation and Warehousing	*		*	*		*		
Utilities	\$	1,417,000	0.71%	\$	(268,000)			-16%
Wholesale Trade	\$	2,890,000	1.45%	\$	(165,000)			-5%
All Industries	\$	199,822,000		\$	(15,190,000)			-7%
*Not shown to avoid disclosure of confidential information								

-This historical look at GDP data represents the most recent county GDP data available



