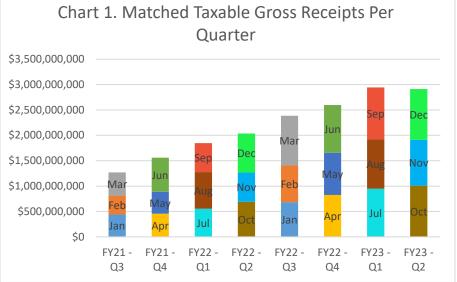


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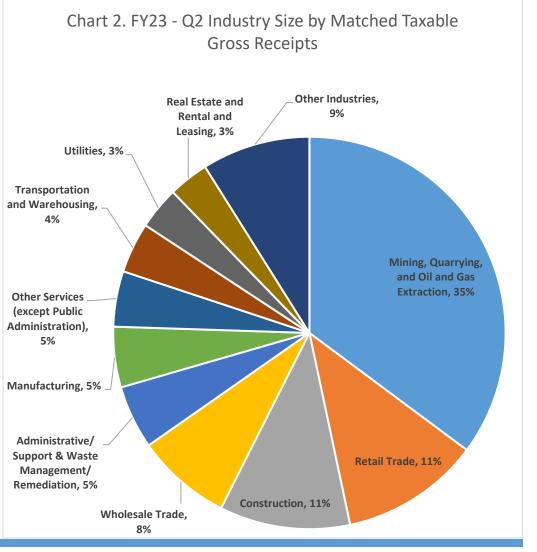
Prepared by: Joel Salas, Economist; Ryan Eustice, Economist



In the second quarter of FY23, 26 of 33 counties saw year-over-year economic growth, averaging 16% growth statewide. State gross receipts dropped slightly in October and November from the prior few months but rose significantly in December to a new record high. First guarter growth in FY23 was abnormally high, and the second quarter appears to have normalized with seasonal trends while still rising at a steady pace. However, national concerns remain regarding inflation and rising interest rates.

Eddy County's matched taxable gross receipts (MTGR) reported its first quarterly decline since Q3 FY21. From Q1 FY23 to Q2 FY23 MTGR declined bv 1.1% or \$32M. Despite this decline the of amount quarterly MTGR reported for Eddy County (\$2.9B) was the 2nd largest amount ever and accounted for over 12% of the state's entire reported MTGR. Over the last 18 quarters MTGR for Eddy County has a strong upward trend.

Matched Taxable Gross Receipts (MTGR) are the best tax data available to show underlying economic activity. The data collection process matches a tax payment with reported receipts for each taxpayer by industry.



SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS

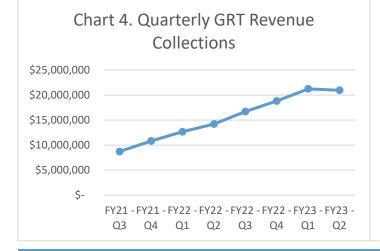


Table 1. FY23 - Q2 Matched Taxable Gross Receipts by Industry

			%Change from FY20-			
Industries	FY23 - Q2	YOY Growth	YOY % Change	Q2 (Pre-COVID)		
Accommodation and Food Services	\$ 59,643,068	\$ 8,102,541	16%	3%		
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	\$ 152,408,481	\$ 49,267,376	48%	119%		
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$ 7,410,847	\$ 3,297,218	80%	88%		
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	\$ 901,504	\$ 98,803	12%	72%		
Construction	\$ 313,624,054	\$ 31,475,098	11%	-26%		
Educational Services	\$ 1,038,576	\$ (655,098)	-39%	260%		
Finance and Insurance	\$ 7,939,317	\$ 2,733,427	53%	108%		
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$ 18,539,111	\$ 2,472,388	15%	19%		
Information	\$ 19,971,984	\$ 547,347	3%	-18%		
Management of Companies and Enterprises	\$ 12,584	\$ (98,968)	-89%	N/A		
Manufacturing	\$ 145,388,960	\$ 24,866,330	21%	117%		
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$ 1,024,512,954	\$ 336,009,895	49%	56%		
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$ 133,273,806	\$ 47,302,757	55%	49%		
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$ 96,454,547	\$ 15,080,928	19%	20%		
Public Administration	\$ 5,646	\$ 247,430	-102%	N/A		
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$ 96,916,991	\$ 31,693,346	49%	28%		
Retail Trade	\$ 334,547,992	\$ 84,896,675	34%	57%		
Transportation and Warehousing	\$ 121,107,941	\$ 109,675,760	959%	63%		
Unclassified Establishments	\$ 48,017,350	\$ 32,228,196	204%	657%		
Utilities	\$ 101,909,026	\$ 24,766,690	32%	31%		
Wholesale Trade	\$ 228,678,701	\$ 71,211,295	45%	112%		
All Industries	\$ 2,912,526,405	\$ 875,406,903	43%	42%		

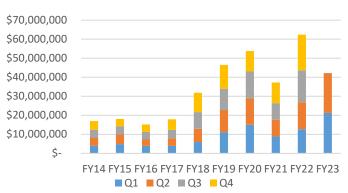
Table 1 shows an increase of \$875M from Q2 in FY22 to FY23 of the same period. Table 1 also shows that only three industries reported a year-over-year (YOY) loss. The largest increase came from the oil and gas industry, which posted a YOY increase of \$336M or 49%.

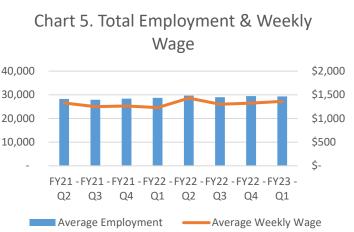
Gross receipts tax (GRT) revenue collections decreased by \$275K, or 1.3%, from Q1 FY23 to Q2 FY23, seen in Chart 4. Over the last eight quarters GRT collections have averaged \$15.5M, or \$5.4M less than the amount collected during Q2 FY23.



SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS











An **establishment**, as used in the QCEW and subsequently Chart 6 and Table 2, is an economic unit such as a farm, factory, or store, which produces goods or provides services at a single physical worksite and is engaged, predominantly, in one type of economic activity.

The **Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages,** or the **QCEW**, used in Charts 5-6 and Table 2, produces comprehensive data on the number of establishments, monthly employment and quarterly wages for workers covered by state unemployment insurance (UI) laws and federal workers covered by the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program. These data are aggregated to many different levels, starting at the 6-digit NAICS industry level, to higher industry levels (NAICS industry groups, sectors, and supersectors), and to higher geographic levels (MSA, state and national).

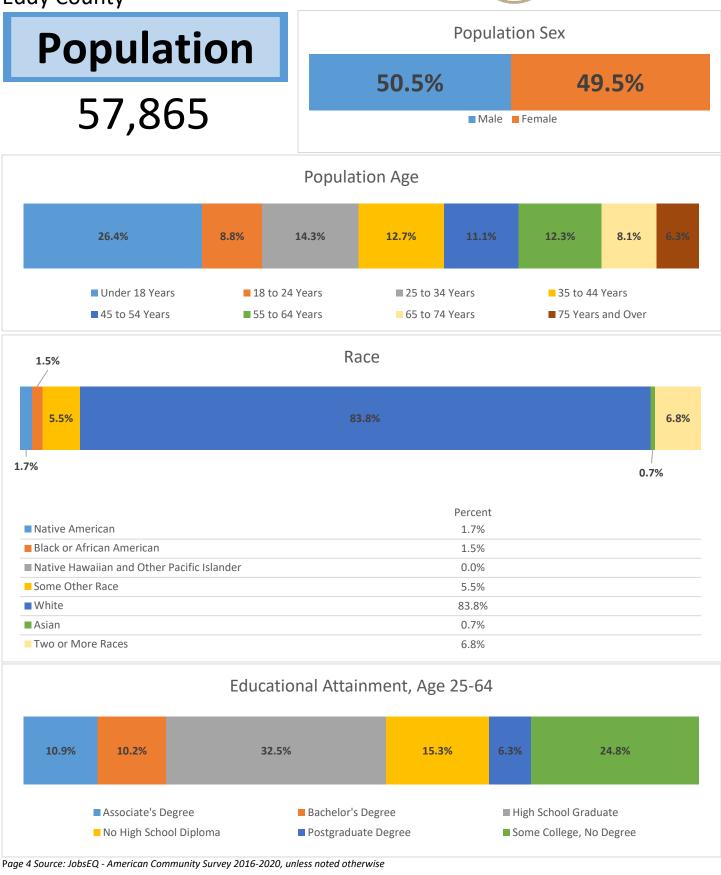
Data are based on information reported by New Mexico employers, covering 97% of nonfarm wage and salary workers. Data are published every quarter. Considered the gold standard for its reliability of industry data, the QCEW data are the most complete universe of monthly employment and quarterly wage information by detailed industry.

Table 2. FT25 -	QT Employme	III Data	a anu c	stabilistime	nts by n	iuusti	у		
		YOY Change in			YOY cha	nge in			
	Average	Average Average		Average	Average		Number of	YOY Change in	
Industry	stry Employment En		ment	Weekly Wage	Weekly	Wage	Establishments	Establishments	
Accommodation and Food Services	2,508	3	9.9%	\$ 49	3	12.6%	157	0.0%	
Administrative/Support & Waste									
Management/Remediation	1,554	ı I	10.1%	\$ 1,84	9	17.5%	85	-1.2%	
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	353	3	-1.7%	\$ 98	8	14.5%	39	5.4%	
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	290)	6.2%	\$ 70	4	9.0%	21	-4.5%	
Construction	2,764	i I	-3.2%	\$ 1,41	8	13.3%	205	-1.4%	
Educational Services	1,717	7	3.1%	\$ 96	2	13.2%	39	5.4%	
Finance and Insurance	477	7	-1.6%	\$ 1,07	3	10.8%	71	0.0%	
Health Care and Social Assistance	2,586	5	7.2%	\$ 1,01	8	-2.7%	158	2.6%	
Information	215	5	8.0%	\$ 1,22	9	26.4%	23	9.5%	
Management of Companies and Enterprises	122	2	2.5%	\$ 1,90	1	-3.1%	12	-7.7%	
Manufacturing	1,090)	5.5%	\$ 1,79	7	15.6%	44	2.3%	
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	5,909)	-3.3%	\$ 1,92	6	11.7%	284	-2.7%	
Other Services (except Public Administration)	878	3	10.2%	\$ 1,24	9	16.3%	149	-3.2%	
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,048	3 📕	-12.3%	\$ 1,51	5	10.5%	137	-0.7%	
Public Administration	1,261	L	-1.7%	\$ 1,70	3	5.8%	62	-1.6%	
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	521	L	1.2%	\$ 1,68	5	51.7%	86	-5.5%	
Retail Trade	3,485	5	5.8%	\$ 73	5	4.4%	187	5.1%	
Transportation and Warehousing	1,418	3	-0.4%	\$ 1,88	5	28.8%	123	-3.1%	
Utilities	506	5	7.9%	\$ 1,62	6	-1.2%	29	0.0%	
Wholesale Trade	606	5	12.4%	\$ 1,58	4	13.8%	94	3.3%	
All Industries	29,307		2.0%	\$ 1,36	3	10.8%	2,005	-0.3%	
*Some data may be withheld to avoid disclosure of confid	lential information.								

Table 2. FY23 - Q1 Employment Data and Establishments by Industry

^{*}Some data may be withheld to avoid disclosure of confidential information.





SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS