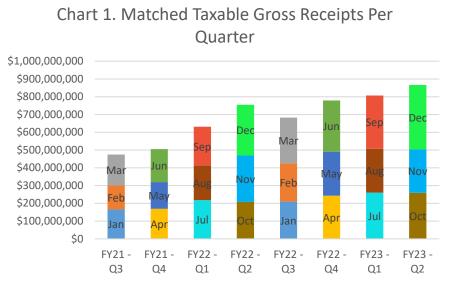


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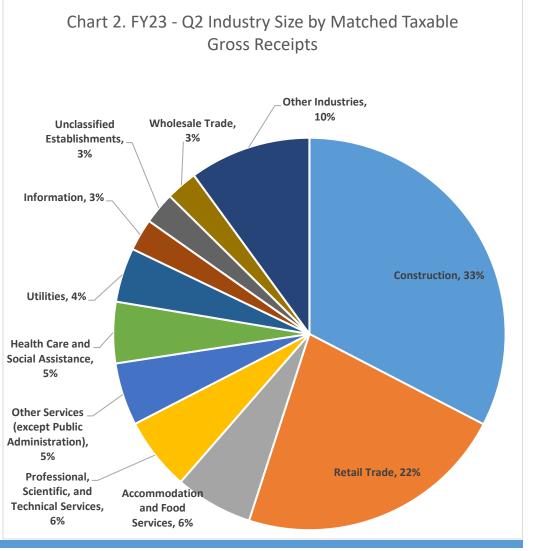
Prepared by: Joel Salas, Economist; Ryan Eustice, Economist



In the second quarter of FY23, 26 of 33 counties saw year-over-year economic growth, averaging 16% growth statewide. State gross receipts dropped slightly in October and November from the prior few months but rose significantly in December to a new record high. First guarter growth in FY23 was abnormally high, and the second quarter appears to have normalized with seasonal trends while still rising at a steady pace. However, national concerns remain regarding inflation and rising interest rates.

Over the last 18 quarters Sandoval County's matched taxable gross receipts (MTGR) have more than doubled. MTGR for Sandoval County reported another significant increase in Q2 FY23 as compared to Q1 FY23, seen in Chart 1. From Q1 FY23 to Q2 FY23 MTGR increased by \$59M or just over 7%. The amount reported during Q2 FY23, \$866M. is the largest amount reported for the county.

Matched Taxable Gross Receipts (MTGR) are the best tax data available to show underlying economic activity. The data collection process matches a tax payment with reported receipts for each taxpayer by industry.



SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS

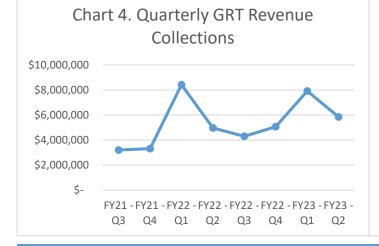


Table 1. FY23 - Q2 Matched Taxable Gross Receipts by Industry

%Change from FY									
Industries		FY23 - Q2	YOY Growth		YOY % Change		Q2 (Pre-COVID)		
Accommodation and Food Services	\$	55,578,783	\$	5,057,730		10%	32%		
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	\$	18,362,593	\$	5,791,203		46%	91%		
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$	825,611	\$	29,310		4%	25%		
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	\$	4,360,917	\$	1,283,746		42%	43%		
Construction	\$	282,531,118	\$	39,002,370		16%	224%		
Educational Services	\$	3,754,514	\$	546,722		17%	19%		
Finance and Insurance	\$	1,210,207	\$	(559,016)		-32%	16%		
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$	43,765,350	\$	6,691,659		18%	89%		
Information	\$	22,878,200	\$	(1,333,820)		-6%	-32%		
Management of Companies and Enterprises	\$	91,825	\$	(57,569)		-39%	48%		
Manufacturing	\$	16,314,744	\$	(716,091)		-4%	32%		
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$	14,136,282	\$	9,550,105		208%	<mark>6</mark> 9%		
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$	44,781,683	\$	6,422,066		17%	38%		
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$	52,211,818	\$	12,722,541		32%	112%		
Public Administration	\$	25,748	\$	2,374		10%	-22%		
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$	20,721,144	\$	(1,365,612)		-6%	63%		
Retail Trade	\$	193,736,231	\$	15,477,530		9%	82%		
Transportation and Warehousing	\$	6,977,076	\$	624,935		10%	19%		
Unclassified Establishments	\$	22,760,997	\$	5,172,043		29%	527%		
Utilities	\$	38,804,756	\$	3,991,277		11%	23%		
Wholesale Trade	\$	22,448,431	\$	3,865,353		21%	261%		
All Industries	\$	866,384,784	\$	112,166,328		15%	93%		

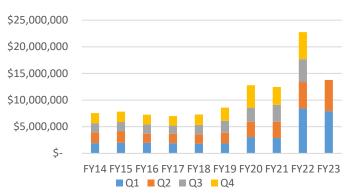
Table 1 shows an increase of \$112M from Q2 in FY22 to FY23 of the same period. Table 1 also shows that all but four industries reported a year-over-year (YOY) increase. The largest increase came from the construction industry, which posted a YOY increase of \$39M or 16%.

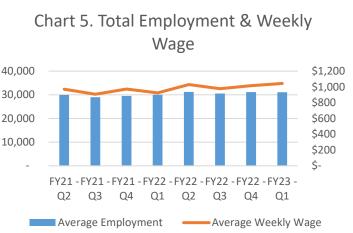
Gross receipts tax (GRT) revenue collections decreased by \$2M, or 26%, from Q1 FY23 to Q2 FY23, as seen in Chart 4. Over the last eight quarters GRT collections have averaged \$5.4M, or \$400K less than the collected amount in Q2 FY23 (\$5.8M).



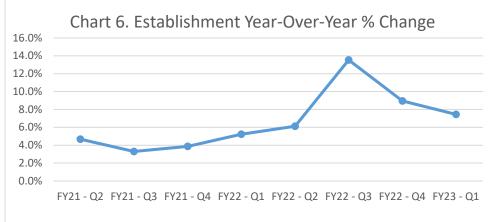
SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS











An **establishment**, as used in the QCEW and subsequently Chart 6 and Table 2, is an economic unit such as a farm, factory, or store, which produces goods or provides services at a single physical worksite and is engaged, predominantly, in one type of economic activity.

The **Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages,** or the **QCEW**, used in Charts 5-6 and Table 2, produces comprehensive data on the number of establishments, monthly employment and quarterly wages for workers covered by state unemployment insurance (UI) laws and federal workers covered by the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program. These data are aggregated to many different levels, starting at the 6-digit NAICS industry level, to higher industry levels (NAICS industry groups, sectors, and supersectors), and to higher geographic levels (MSA, state and national).

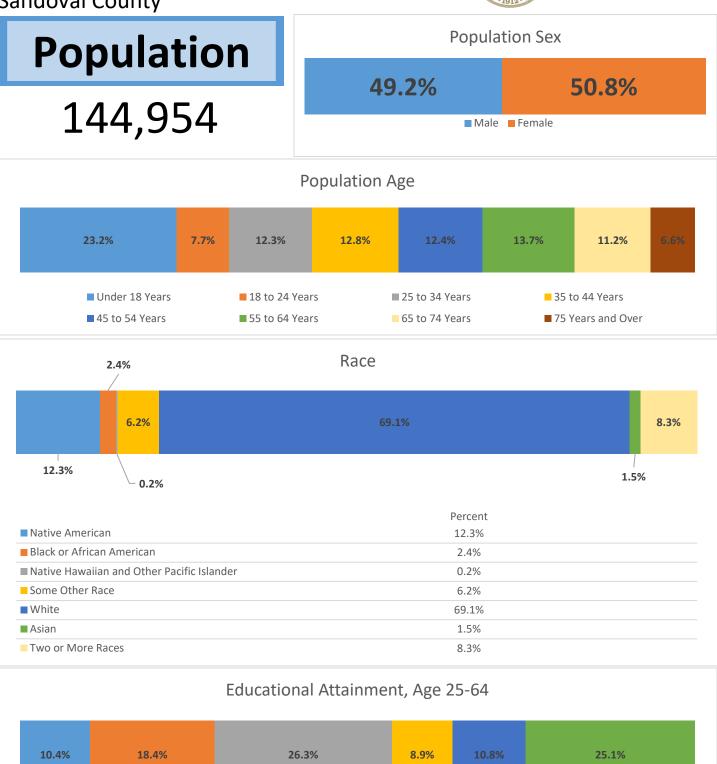
Data are based on information reported by New Mexico employers, covering 97% of nonfarm wage and salary workers. Data are published every quarter. Considered the gold standard for its reliability of industry data, the QCEW data are the most complete universe of monthly employment and quarterly wage information by detailed industry.

Table 2. F125 - QI Employment Data and Establishments by industry									
	YOY			ange in YOY			ange in		
	Average	Average Average		Ave	Average Average		Number of YOY Change in		
Industry	Employment	Employ	ment	We	ekly Wage	Weekly	Wage	Establishments	Establishments
Accommodation and Food Services	4,480		8.1%	\$	453		-3.2%	175	1.2%
Administrative/Support & Waste									
Management/Remediation	2,411		-24.1%	\$	1,129		40.4%	215	24.3%
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	80)	-4.8%	\$	714		23.1%	11	0.0%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	649		4.2%	\$	512		11.8%	41	5.1%
Construction	2,295		37.3%	\$	1,312		31.1%	293	8.1%
Educational Services	2,755		5.9%	\$	1,163		9.6%	61	7.0%
Finance and Insurance	578		18.4%	\$	1,214		3.0%	152	13.4%
Health Care and Social Assistance	4,538		2.5%	\$	871		7.9%	674	4.3%
Information	211		14.7%	\$	1,471		21.0%	95	35.7%
Management of Companies and Enterprises	95		21.8%	\$	1,396		-6.0%	37	5.7%
Manufacturing	3,412		7.9%	\$	1,937		5.7%	72	-4.0%
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	101		-5.6%	\$	1,355		8.4%	11	10.0%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	722		2.7%	\$	1,033		20.8%	219	6.8%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,194		8.4%	\$	1,440		20.1%	389	11.1%
Public Administration	2,530)	-0.8%	\$	1,101		12.6%	77	0.0%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	457		3.2%	\$	824		9.9%	135	9.8%
Retail Trade	3,657		1.8%	\$	620		1.8%	190	-4.0%
Transportation and Warehousing	462		13.5%	\$	1,276		7.7%	51	13.3%
Utilities	88		4.8%	\$	1,205		17.2%	15	-6.3%
Wholesale Trade	397		0.3%	\$	1,759		17.1%	115	4.5%
All Industries	31,112		3.6%	\$	1,044		12.9%	3,028	7.5%
*Some data may be withheld to avoid disclosure of confid	lential information.								

Table 2. FY23 - Q1 Employment Data and Establishments by Industry

Some data may be withheld to avoid disclosure of confidential information.





10.4%	18.4%	26.3%	8.9%	10.8%	25.1%	
	 Associate's Degree No High School Diploma 	 Bachelor's Degree Postgraduate Deg 		0	h School Graduate ne College, No Degree	

Page 4 Source: JobsEQ - American Community Survey 2016-2020, unless noted otherwise

SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS